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ROSE TALLYHO
(Plant Pat. Applied for)

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STRIBLING'S
NURSERIES

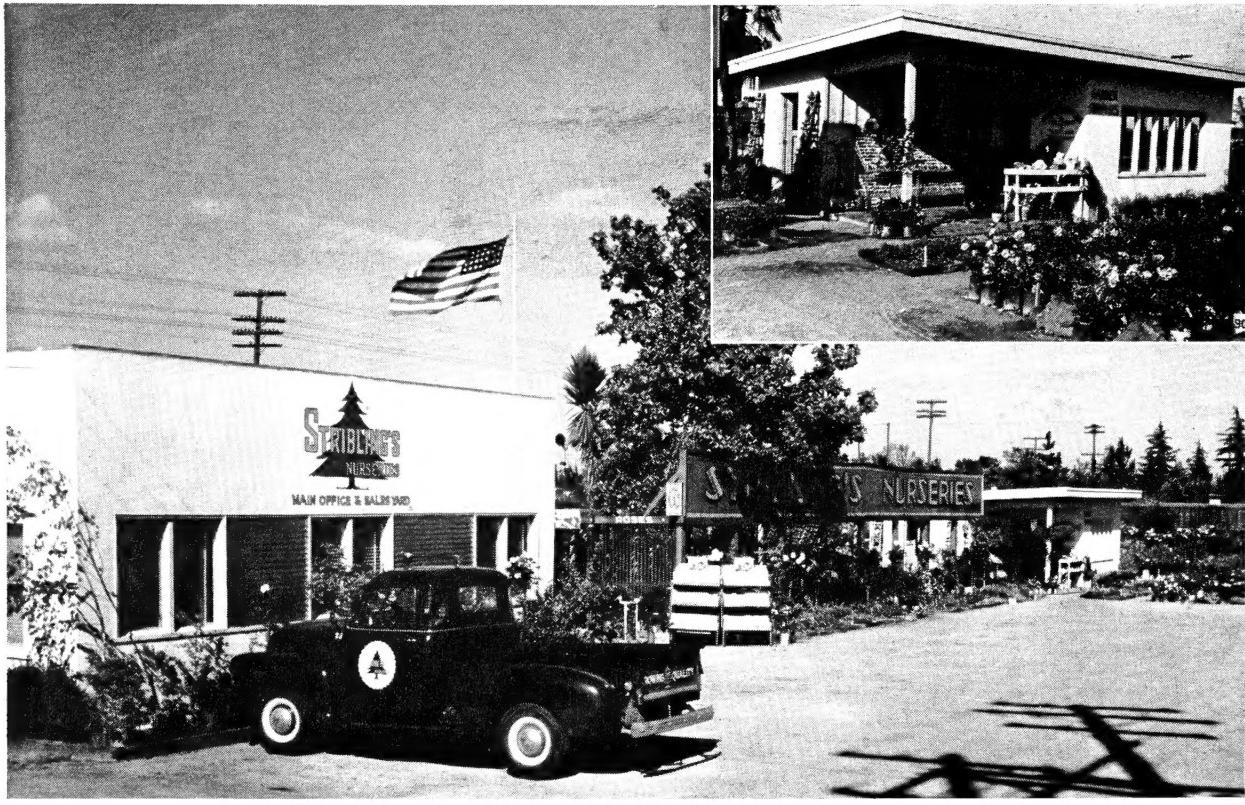
OFFICE AND SALESYARD ON HIGHWAY 99 NORTH
MERCED CALIFORNIA



ROSE FORTY-NINER
(Plant Pat. No. 792)



1949
Garden Guide



**MAIN
OFFICE
and
SALESYARD
on
HIGHWAY
99
NORTH
MERCED
California
PHONE
86
P. O. BOX
793**

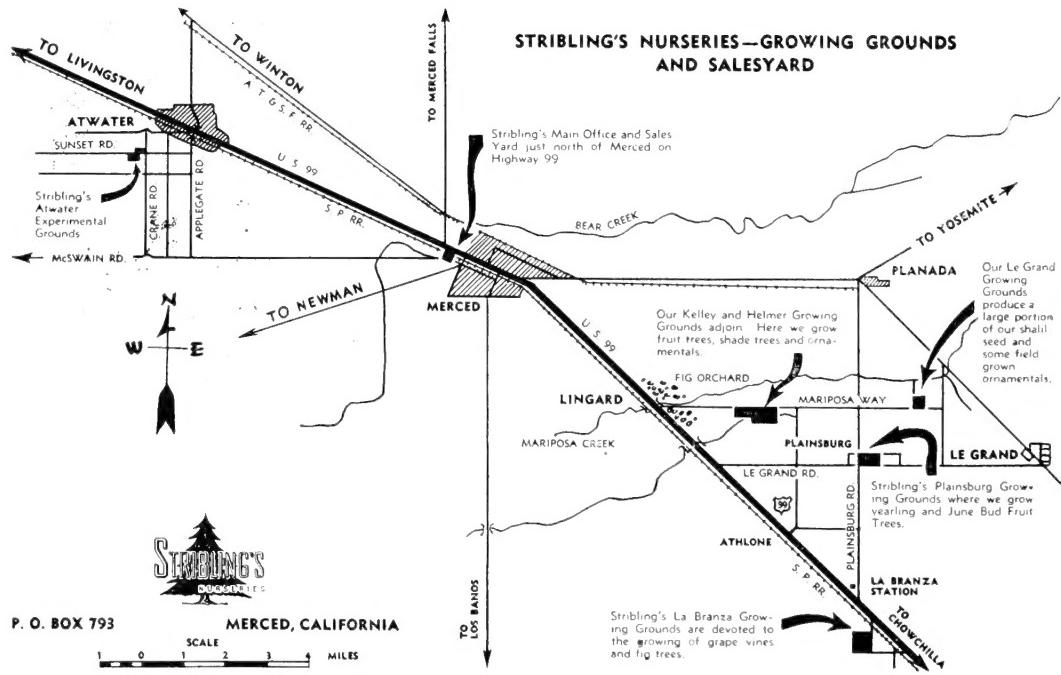
GROWING  **QUALITY**

for Greater Gardening Pleasure

WITH OUR CATALOG this year comes an invitation to join the thousands on thousands of satisfied customers who have planted Stribling's Growing Quality Nursery Products. Our garden guide for 1949 brings many of the items we have available to your attention and we sincerely hope it will prove helpful in showing you greater gardening enjoyment. Add to this publication our "Fall Bulb Guide" and our "Fruit & Grape Varieties of Growing Quality", and you will know more of our service to you, Our Customers.

Our LANDSCAPE DEPARTMENT

is ever ready to help you with any planting problems. Stribling's maintain a free Landscape Consultant service to help you plan your garden beautiful. Call on us for all of your planting needs. Our business is growing Quality Nursery Stock.



ROSES . . . For the Garden

RED ROSES

Charlotte Armstrong (Pat. 455). Beautiful, long, pointed buds of clear cerise-pink, opening to neatly tailored flowers. Petals margined with a thin silvery line. Vigorous mildew-resistant foliage, vigorous and free branching. \$1.50 ea.

Grand Duchesse Charlotte (Pat. 774). Buds a rich claret red changing as the flower opens to a lovely begonia rose. Richly fragrant and unusual in color. \$1.50 each.

Heart's Desire (Pat. 501). Awarded highest honors as the All-American Rose Selection of 1942. Long-stemmed buds open to shapely blooms of pure, luminous red that are exquisitely fragrant. The color is sun proof. A vigorous grower, free blooming, and free from disease. \$1.50 each.

Nocturne (Pat. 713). Deep cardinal red buds of exquisite shape open to form large richly textured flowers. Pleasingly fragrant. Buds in abundance for cutting. AARS. \$2.00 each.

Rubaiyat (Pat. 758). All-American 1947. A brilliant flower of rose-red to crimson. Buds are long and shapely; gracefully held on long stems. \$1.50 each.

San Fernando (Pat.). Long pointed buds, well formed and richly colored open to fragrant glowing red flowers. When open the blooms assume a brilliant scarlet color. Luxuriant foliage. \$2.00 each.

Texas Centennial (Pat. 162). Blood red sport of Pres. Hoover. Tight buds and high centered flowers toned cerise at center. More carmine in hot weather. \$1.25 each.

Other Non-patented RED Roses Available

Christopher Stone
E. G. Hill
Etoile de Hollande
Hadley

Night
Margaret McGredy
Red Radiance
Red Talisman
Southport

ORANGE and MULTICOLOR ROSES

California (Pat. 449). Sensational and outstanding rose. The fully open flowers are as beautiful as a rose could be, ruddy orange and saffron yellow, saffron rose on the reverse of petals. Long pointed buds and enormous flowers. It is a distinctive addition to the rose garden. \$1.25 each.

Fiesta (Pat. 389). The bud is ovoid, pink and flecked with yellow. The open flower is large and double, tea fragrance. Large, dark green foliage. \$1.50 each.

Forty-niner (Pat. 792). AARS '49. One of the most brilliantly hued flowers of recent introduction. Color combination is outstanding with its vivid red petals bright yellow to straw yellow on the outside. Mild pleasing fragrance. Long pointed buds opening to well formed flowers. \$2.50 each.

Fred Edmunds. (Pat. 731). Beautiful buds of burnt-orange open to lasting blooms of reddish apricot blended with rose, gold and salmon. A very vigorous free-blooming rose. \$1.50 each.

Mark Sullivan (Pat. 599). The medium size flowers make a vivid and colorful display. Petals golden yellow heavily shaded and splashed with rose-pink and cerise. \$1.25 each.

Taffeta (Pat. 716). Although the color varies with the season the usual carmine bud opens to show clear rose-pink, salmon-pink or apricot fragrant flowers. Upright vigorous growth. AARS '48. \$2.00 each.

Other MULTICOLOR Roses Available Include

Autumn
Condesa de Sastago
Duquesa de Penaranda
Hinrich Gaede

Mrs. Sam McGredy
President Hoover
Talisman

PINK ROSES

Mme. Henri Guillot (Pat. 337). A distinctive and sensational variety. Beautifully formed buds, reddish orange with undertone of gold, opening to rich, deep pink flowers of camellia-like form. Vigorous, symmetrical plants and glossy light green foliage. \$1.50 each.

Santa Anita (Pat. 539). Produces quantities of perfect flowers. Lovely clear pink, excellent for cutting. One of the finest pink roses for California—rich, clear color, shapely buds and open flower. \$1.25 ea.

Show Girl (Pat. 646). Perfect phlox pink buds on long stems for cutting. Flowers open rose-pink and are very lovely in both form and color. Fragrant. Excellent foliage. \$1.50 each.

Tallyho (Pat. applied for). AARS '49. A lovely combination of pink and red. The outside of petals crimson to cardinal depending on the weather, while the inner surfaces are many shades of rose and pink. Robust and free branching. \$2.50 each.

K. T. Marshall (Pat. 607). This is a rose of rare beauty and delicacy of form. It grows vigorously with large, open, upright blooms of warm glowing pink. Fruity fragrance. Long, fine stems. Ideal for cutting, formal arrangements, and bouquets. A rose to please connoisseurs. \$1.50 each.

Other Non-patented PINK Roses Available

Dainty Bess (Single)
J. Otto Thilow
The Doctor
Lulu (Single)

Los Angeles
Picture
Rose Marie

YELLOW ROSES

Debonair (Pat. 677). One of the finest yellow roses, it produces quantities of lovely yellow buds and fragrant bright yellow flowers. Strong vigorous grower. \$1.50 each.

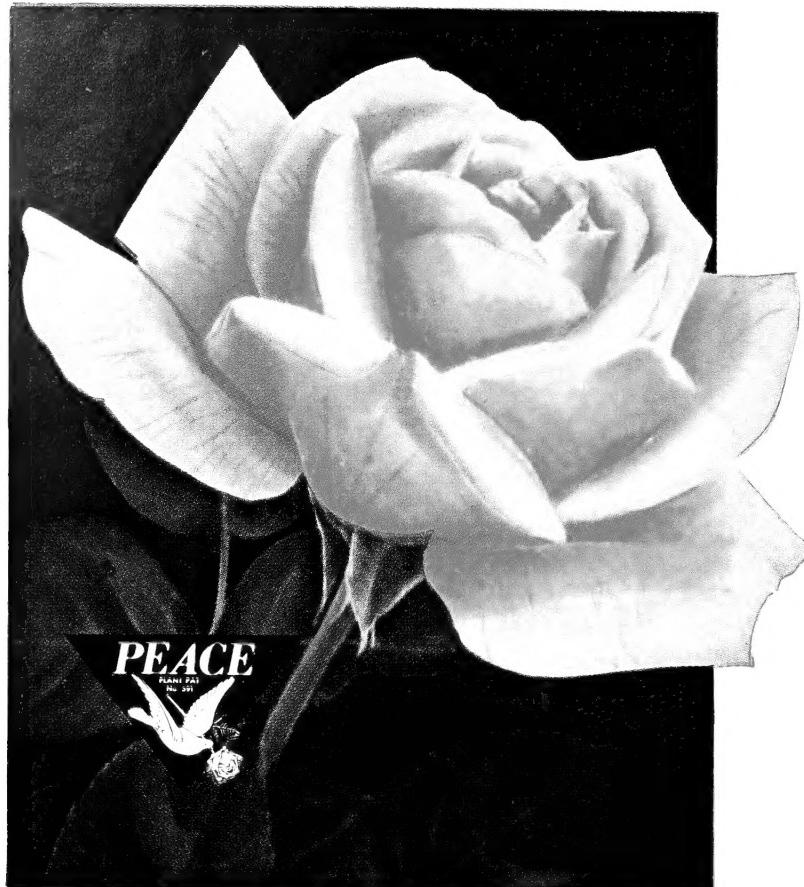
Eclipse (Pat. 172). Popularized and well known as the "Streamlined Rose", for the long tapering yellow buds enhanced by the narrow green calyx and truly streamlined. Rich golden yellow without shading. \$1.35 each.

Lowell Thomas (Pat. 595). Very double high centered flowers in a lasting canary yellow. Large, long-pointed buds. Vigorous compact bush—upright habit and leathery foliage. \$1.50 each.

Peace (Pat. 591). All-America Selection 1946. Large, fully double flowers opening from well shaped buds. Often a clear pleasing yellow, sometimes only yellow at the base, fading to a lighter tint and a delicate pink where the petals turn over. \$2.00 each.

Other Non-patented YELLOW Roses Available

Golden Emblem
Golden Gleam
Golden Rapture
Mrs. P. S. DuPont
Mrs. E. P. Thom
Ville de Paris



PEACE (Pat. 591)



FRED EDMUNDS (Pat. 731)

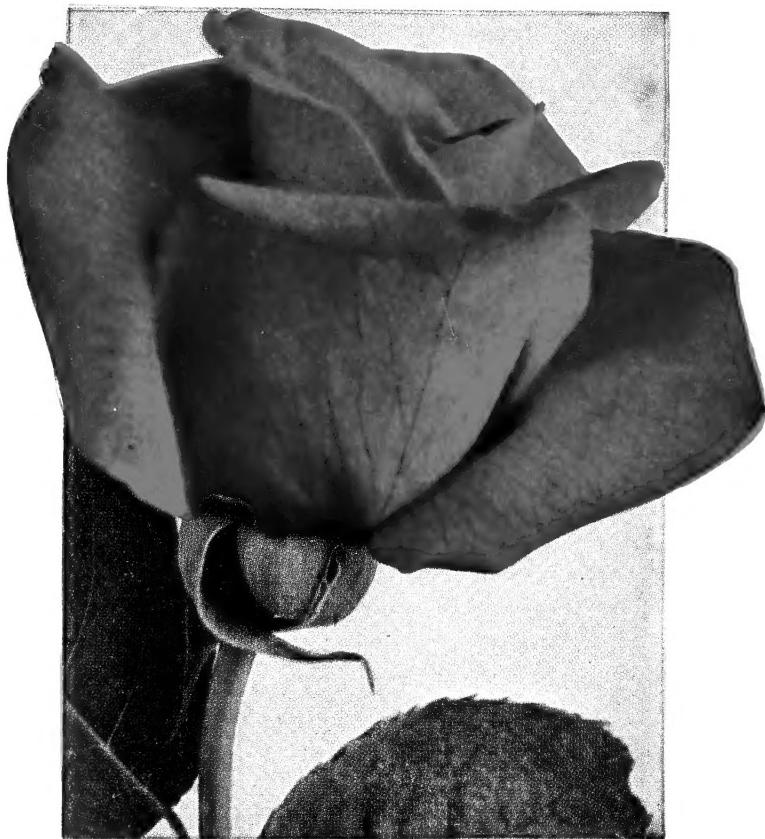
WHITE ROSES

Frau Karl Druschi. Popular everblooming white. Immense buds tinged pink on outside. Flowers large, pure snow-white.

K. A. Victoria. Pure ivory white buds opening to full, well-shaped flowers on fairly long stems. An old favorite.

McGredy's Ivory. Long-pointed buds, large perfectly formed creamy ivory-white flowers. Sweetly fragrant.

Snowbird. Low bushy plants completely covered with clusters of semi-double pure white flowers. Free flowering.



HEART'S DESIRE



SANTA ANITA (Pat. 539)

POLYANTHA and FLORIBUNDA ROSES

Generally speaking this group of roses are small flowered, but like the Azaleas, there are a lot of them. The popular Cecile Brunner is one extreme while Red Ripples and Floradora are more showy because the flowers are in good size clusters. Beds of Floribundas are very bright and showy. The dwarfer ones make fine borders for the rose garden, or plant in groups of three or more to enliven the shrubbery. Ideal for flower arrangements and bouquets.

Cecile Brunner. Most popular and best known of the baby roses. Small pink buds open to double flowers. Bright pink with a touch of yellow at the base of petals. Continuous bloomer.

Floradora (Pat. Pending). Dense clusters of good size bright red flowers make this a very bright and showy floribunda. Fine foliage and sturdy habit. AARS. \$1.25 each.

Pinkie (Pat. 712). Dainty, perfectly formed pink buds and spicily scented flowers. Continuous bloomer. Glossy foliage. AARS. \$1.50 each.

Pinocchio (Pat. 484). One of the most popular baby roses of recent introduction. Makes a bush seldom over two feet in height and clusters of dainty little flowers—salmon-orange flushed with gold. \$1.25 each.

Red Ripples (Pat. Pending). Buds of the boutonierre type in large clusters, each perfect in form and color—pointed and dark red opening to fluffy bright red flowers of medium size. Steady and continuous blooming, \$1.25 each.



CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG (Pat. 455)



NOCTURNE (Pat. 713)

Tree Roses

Tree roses or "standard" roses are much in demand for accent planting and for those who prefer their roses up high where they can be seen without bending over. They are the regular roses budded on straight clean stems of another variety. Some pruning helps to keep them in a vigorous flowering condition. Keep all suckers cut off at the base of the cane and once a year thin out and shorten the head.

We offer Grade No. 1 quality tree roses in the latest and best varieties in all colors. Priced at the nursery.



RED RIPPLE'S POLYANTHA ROSES

CLIMBING ROSES

Beautiful subjects to train against walls on trellises or allowed to clamber over rough fences. They have been traditionally used on arbors and pergolas where the bloom can be seen at a distance and easily examined close by. Cut out old wood after blooming, thus encouraging new vigorous growth from the base. This will bloom the next season.

No. 1 Grade Bareroot \$1.25

Plants available later in containers at higher prices

Belle of Portugal. Beautiful vigorous grower offering a profusion of pearl pink blossoms from January to June. Buds are enormous, often reaching 3 to 4 inches in length.

Cl. Christopher Stone (Pat.). Scarlet-crimson; very popular, upright. Stands hot weather. Excellent substance, and spicy fragrance. \$2.00 each.

Cl. Cecil Brunner. Very popular climber. Vigorous with dainty pink blossoms.

Cl. Yellow Cecil Brunner. Small, perfect buds that appear through spring and summer on a strong growing plant, lovely in the vase or lapel.

Cl. Dainty Bess. Strong clean growing, producing flowers the year around. Single delicate pink flowers with central crimson stamens.

Cl. Etoile de Hollande. The best red climber. This deep red climber produces the finest roses of any. Buds often larger and longer than the bush variety. Vigorous clean grower.

Cl. Hadley. Vigorous climber at least twice as prolific as the bush variety in producing velvety red flowers. An excellent buy for those interested in the bush type of Hadley.

High Noon (Pat. 704). AARS '48. Pillar rose to 8 feet high, covered with long stemmed golden yellow buds. Stems almost thornless. Not a rampant climber but suited to growing against a post, pillar or arbor where its bushy habit and quantities of flowers make a delightful picture. \$2.50 each.

Cl. Hinrich Gaede (Pat. 244). Vigorous free-blooming and showy climbing rose. Flowers very brilliant, orange-vermilion. Has a remarkably long season of bloom. \$1.50 each.

Cl. Hoosier Beauty. Climbing form of this popular bush variety. Beautifully formed deep scarlet flowers intensely fragrant and velvety in texture. Very vigorous.

Cl. K. A. Victoria. Most satisfactory of the white climbers is this free-flowering vine. Perfectly formed enormous paper-white buds, very fragrant.

Mermaid. Beautiful glossy green foliage and large single light sulphur-yellow flowers with golden centers make a beautiful sight during the rose season; a rank, rambling grower.

Cl. Mme. Henri Guillot (Pat. 788). Long shapely buds of orange-red and rose opening to large camellia-like flowers of rich raspberry red suffused with gold. \$1.50 each.



PAUL'S SCARLET—A Popular Climbing Rose

Cl. Mrs. E. P. Thom. A rapid growing climber producing quantities of glorious yellow flowers, much more than the bush variety. Rated the best yellow climber.

Cl. Mrs. Sam McGredy (Pat. 374). Free flowering copper-orange climber. Flowers same as in the bush type; buds long pointed and borne on long stems. Luxuriant bronzy green foliage. \$1.50 each.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Improved. Semi-double blossoms of vivid scarlet are borne in clusters of 5 to 20 and envelop the vine in a wealth of brilliant color in spring.

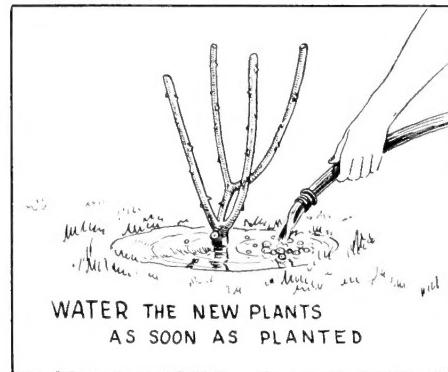
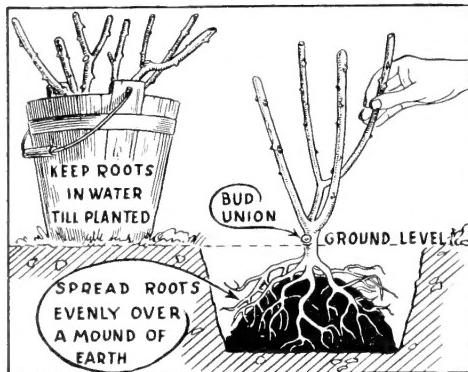
Cl. Picture (Pat. 524). Perfect buds and flowers just as in the bush variety. Clear rose-pink with tones of warm salmon showing through. A climber of merit. \$1.50 each.

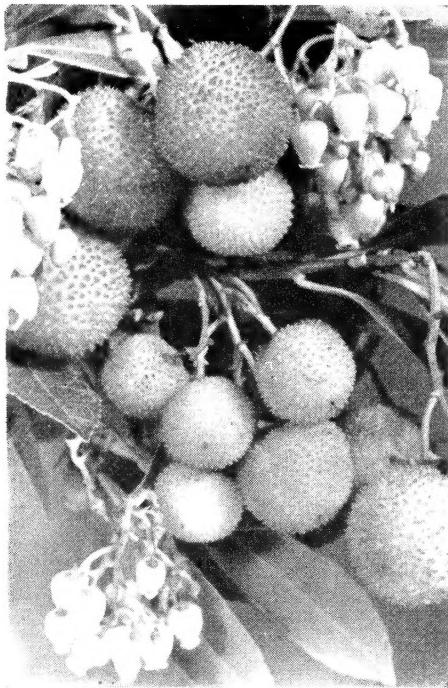
Cl. President Herbert Hoover. One of the best multi-colored climbers. Flame, pink, and buff. A rampant climber.

Cl. Rose Marie. Splendid rose. Large fragrant full double flowers are borne in quantity. Lovely rose pink.

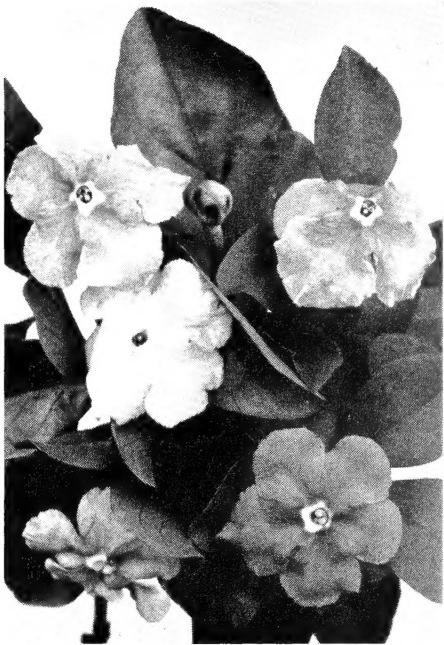
Cl. Texas Centennial (Pat. 565). Blood-red buds and high centered flowers of brick-red lightly brushed with gold. Long lasting bloom. \$1.50 each.

Cl. Talisman. This well known rose hardly needs description. It is just like the bush form but a vigorous climber. Lovely red and gold.





ARBUTUS UNEDO



BRUNFELSIA FLORIBUNDA



AZALEA PAUL SCHAME

Flowering Evergreen Shrubs

The largest number of ornamental plants available to gardeners in California are Evergreen Flowering Shrubs. This group includes subjects for every possible position; sun or shade, wet soils and dry. The coastal areas, inland valleys and lower mountains can all use them. Many have showy flowers, some useful for cutting, while some are only grown for their foliage. Many, like Pyracantha, Barberry, Arbutus, etc., make a show in fruits later in the season. Following descriptions we give the approximate temperature at which the plant is hardy. Use this as a guide only to choose plants for the location to be planted.

Items in this section vary in price from \$1.00 and up, depending on the variety and the size selected. Larger sizes are priced from \$3.00 up.

ABELIAS

Glossy Abelia, Abelia grandiflora. Graceful evergreen shrub with arching branches, bronzy foliage and dainty fragrant white bells in spring and early summer. Sun or light shade. Very hardy.

Abelia Edw. Goucher. Pinkish lavender bells in summer. One of the best of the newer shrubs. Excellent foliage, compact habit of growth. Hardy.

FLOWERING MAPLE

Abutilon hybrids. Popular old-fashioned shrubs with maple-like leaves and cup-shaped flowers hanging all over the plants. In assorted colors, red, yellow, orange, and white. Sun or shade, hardy. 25°.

GLOSSY PAPER PLANT

Aralia sieboldi (Fatsia japonica). Wonderful shrub for tropical effects. Bold glossy foliage. Makes an excellent tub plant. Hardy.

STRAWBERRY TREE

Arbutus unedo. One of the finest medium-growing shrubs on the list. Deep green foliage and brilliant red strawberry-like fruits ripening about Christmas time. Very hardy.

GOLD DUST PLANT

Aucuba japonica variegata, Gold Dust Plant. Slow growing plant for shaded places or tubs. The large glossy pointed leaves are spotted or speckled with gold. Give plenty of water. Grows in the deepest shade where other plants fail. Hardy.

AZALEAS

For sheer beauty the masses of flowers produced by Kurume Azaleas in late winter and spring with the end of the Camellia season, they have no equal. Quite often rains will threaten the bloom but they are a hardy lot and soon recover, showing no damage. They are essentially lovers of an acid soil which should possess an excellent drainage and quantities of peat. Pure peat, if the beds are large enough, would be best. Keep lime in any form away from them, even acid fertilizers should be used that are especially prepared for Azaleas. Light shade and plenty of water at all times.

Kurume Azaleas. We will have a good selection.

INDICA AZALEAS

These are by far the choicest of the Azalea family with closely formed bushy growth, neat dark green leaves and the flowers! a gorgeous display of large flowers, mostly double but of delicate pleasing quality, not gaudy as in some Kurumes (above), often blended with other colors and plain or ruffled.

Albert Elizabeth. Double, white with pale pink margins.

Charles Encke. Dwarf. Single. Dark salmon, striped with white.

Mme. Vandercruxen. Large clear salmon pink.

Niobe. Pure white.

Paul Schame. Double. Lustrous coral salmon. Most popular.

Pink Pearl. One of the most popular. Large delicate pink flowers, daintily doubled and spotted.

Professor Walters. Single ruffled. White with deep blotches on upper petals.

Vervaeana. Double. Rose Bengal with deep spots. Choice.

Other varieties available.

BOUVARDIAS

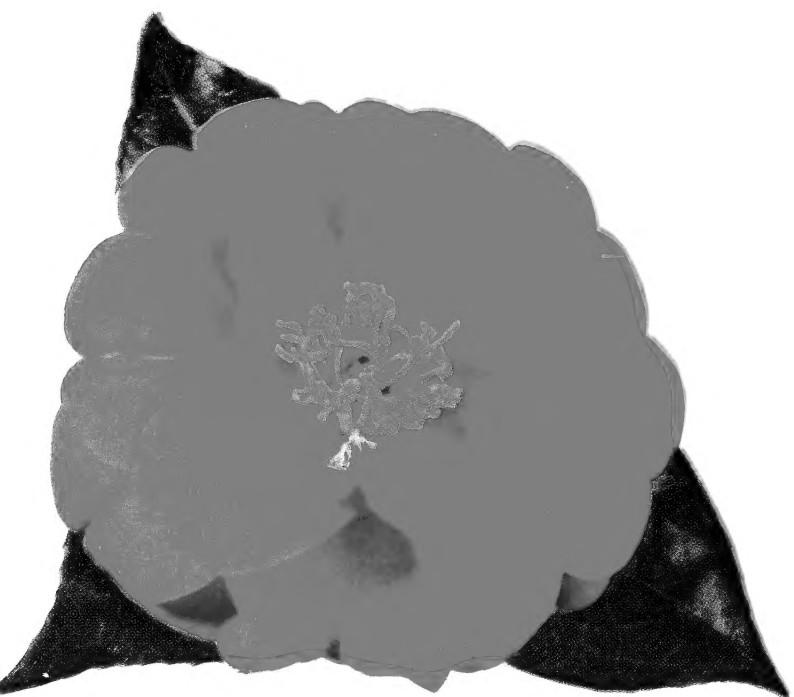
Bouvardia Albatross. Handsome low growing shrub with spreading slender branches of waxy green foliage. Fragrant waxy white flowers, have exceptionally long tubes and four flaring petals. Last well when cut. Trim back to encourage new growth and flowers. Sun or part shade. 27°.

YESTERDAY AND TODAY

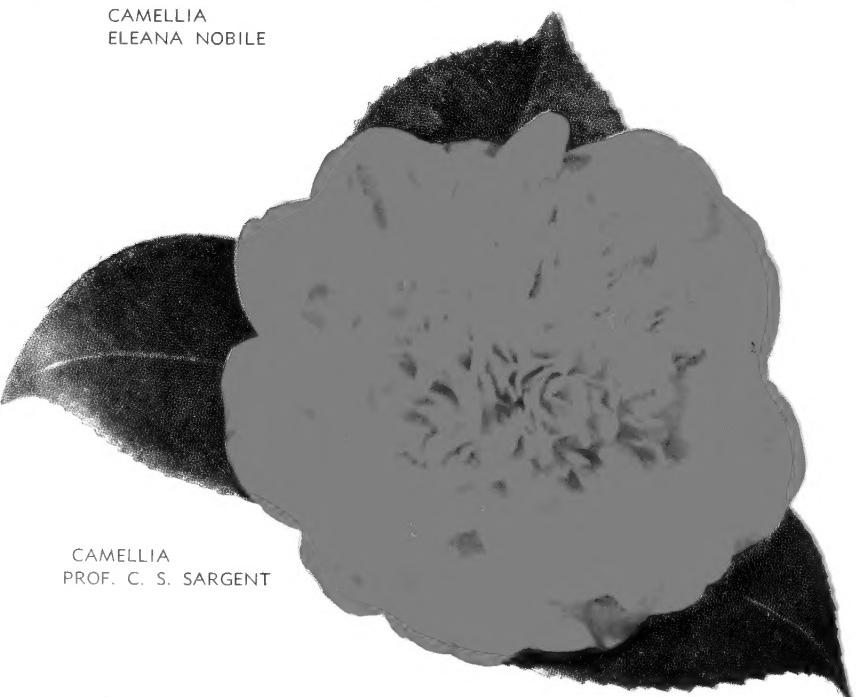
Brunfelsia floribunda, Yesterday and Today. Bushy, well rounded shrub with lustrous green foliage and flowers throughout the year. Flowers open blue-violet fading through lilac to almost pure white. Fragrant, they last well when cut. Sun or partial shade. 20°.



CAMELLIA
PINK PERFECTION



CAMELLIA
ELEANA NOBILE



CAMELLIA
PROF. C. S. SARGENT

BOXWOODS

Buxus japonica, Japanese Box. Best taller growing Box for California. Rounded glossy green leaves and lush dense growth. Always neat and attractive. Trimmed specimens available. Sun or shade. Hardy.

Buxus sempervirens (English Boxwood). This is a handsome shrub of dense, compact growth. The leaves are quite small and dark green. It is an ideal hedge plant. Makes lovely border for paths, drives, and flower beds.

BOTTLEBRUSH

Callistemon viminalis. Beautiful large weeping shrub with brilliant red brushes on drooping branches. An excellent shrub for specimen since it will stand more water. Hardy to 15°.

Camellias

Rare and Unusual Varieties

\$3.00 and up, depending on size and variety.

Many other varieties, including novelties, available at the Nursery.

Alba plena. Finest of all white camellias. Fully double flowers often 6 inches across. Lovely and delicate.

Belle Romana. Large light pink double flowers profusely striped, splashed and pencilled with crimson. Popular and rare.

Chandleri elegans. Largest and most popular peony-flowered camellia. Soft rose with a center of tightly curled petals, often showing white markings.

Colonel Firey. The finest of all red camellias. The flat flowers are a rich glowing crimson often 6 inches across.

Dearest (Finlandia). Popular semi-double white of exceptional beauty. Porcelain texture of the petals is beautiful with yellow of stamens.

Debutante. One of the finest newer varieties with beautiful fully double ball-shaped flowers in a delicate shade of pink. Ideal as a corsage flower.

Donckelari. Very bright and showy flowers of medium size are double but show a few stamens at the center. The heavy textured petals are rich red with various markings and marbling of white. Slow bushy growth. Excellent foliage.



CAMELLIA
DEBUTANTE

Emperor of Russia. One of the more unusual red camellias. Large outer petals appear to enclose two or three smaller flowers, which really are the twisted and recurved smaller central petals. Bright scarlet. Dwarf habit.

Emperor Wilhelm (Gigantea). One of the finest peony-type camellias grown. Flowers larger than chandeli with the broad rounded outer petals and tight center of petaloïds possessing a heavy wax-like texture and color a bright red variously marked and blotched with white.

Francine. In every way this variety is like Chandeli elegans—in size of flower, form and blooming and growth habit but the color is a uniform Camellia rose throughout.

Glen 40. This is the most talked of new red camellia. Flowers are large fully double with rounded overlapping petals. The bright red color is enhanced by salmon undertones.

Julia Drayton. Huge flowers, often 7 inches across, are uniformly brilliant scarlet, beautifully veined. Double with high pointed center. Very fine.

Kumasaka. Large loose double rose-pink flowers with a pleasing fragrance. Center petals curled and twisted but showing the golden stamens. Many large flowers; good growth.

Laurel Leaf (Lallarook). Although named for the foliage which is large and laurel-like in character it has very lovely pink flowers, too. Flowers are over four inches across, fully double with imbricated petals just the thing for a corsage.

Lotus. If you want a white camellia with character this is hard to beat. The flowers are huge, bowl shaped often hiding the golden stamens at the center with large pure white petals which resemble nothing more than a white Lotus.

Pope Pius IX. Large double red flowers. Good growth, light colored foliage. New and rare, one of the best in our list.

Prof. Sargent. Unusual scarlet flowers. Fully peony-type. Free flowering variety. Semi-dwarf. Rates among the top few of camellia elite.

Te Deum (Dr. Shepherd). Very large dark red flowers quite variable in shape but always attractive for both form and color. Usually it is peony-type but may run semi-double to formal double even on the same plant. Very unusual and desirable.

Standard Camellia Varieties

\$2.00 and up, depending on size and variety selected.

Alba superba (John G. Drayton). Best semi-double white. Pure white with enormous petals. Flowers 4 to 5 inches across.

Aloha. Early flowering red peony-type camillia. Flowers are fully double almost fluffy in appearance, of good size and attractive color.

Cheerful. Clear bright cherry red. Very double medium size flowers. Late and profuse in bloom. Sturdy shrub.

Camellias

Ornamental evergreen shrubs of exquisite beauty and highly prized for their flowers during the winter months. After blossoming the dark green glossy foliage and dense habit of growth make an attractive appearance in the garden. Many varieties listed here are much sought after for their scarcity is well known.

Camellias are easy to grow in a shady, sheltered location, an acid soil with good drainage in which generous quantities of leaf mold or peat have been added. They require generous amounts of water during the growing season but this should never become stagnant for lack of drainage. Withhold water and fertilizer during the dormant season when the flowers appear. All are hardy in California. Ask for special camellia and azalea plant food.



CAMELLIA COLONEL FIREY

Covina. Compact and free-flowering variety. Flowers informal double rose-red, a non-fading bright color.

Daikagura. Earliest of the larger sorts to flower. Double with a center of small twisted petals, bright rose with white splashes. Fragrant.

Eleana Nobile. Medium size double flame red flowers show a few stamens in the center. A free flowering late variety of exceptional merit.

Grandiflora Rosea. One of the finest deep pink semi-double camellias. From salmon-rose to bright, deep pink. Very large, flat stamens in center. Vigorous, upright growth with large, shining, pointed dark green foliage.

Jordan's Pride. Delightfully fragrant flowers 5 to 6 inches across. Semi-double, petals large, broad, light pink with broad irregular border of white around each.

Nobilissima. Snow white peony-flowered camellia. The large, broad petals make a splendid background for the tuft of smaller petals in the center.

Pink Perfection. Fully double flowers of medium size, clear light pink petals neatly arranged. One of the most popular pink camellias.

Princess Bacciochi. Large modified peony-type of rich carmine red with bright yellow stamens. Compact growth.

Purity. Symmetrical double flowers of large size and snow-white purity. Often 6 inches across. Very popular white.

Rosita. Vigorous variety with perfectly formed rose-pink flowers of medium size. Very double. Petals neatly and symmetrically arranged.

Tricolor. Large semi-double flowers varying in color, usually red or white but quite often striped red and white, with yellow stamens in the center.

CASSIA

Cassia artemisioides. Small rounded shrub with finely cut greyish leaves covered in spring with masses of golden-yellow pea-shaped flowers. Excellent for hot dry sunny places. Hardy to 15°.



CHOISYA TERNATA

CALIFORNIA LILACS

These are perhaps the most famous of all native plants, having been hybridized extensively in Europe where they are prized for the lilac-like flowers. The varieties listed here are showy hardy shrubs, well adapted to wild plantings where little care is intended as on hillsides. They need good drainage and little moisture after established.

Ceanothus arboreus, Tree Lilac. Large shrub or small tree of rapid growth. Large glossy leaves and showy trusses of light blue flowers. Hardy.

Ceanothus cyaneus. Beautiful native of San Diego County. Small dark green leaves and dark blue fragrant flowers in late spring. Hardy.

Ceanothus gloriosus. Dwarf California Lilac. A low trailing shrub with dense holly-like foliage composed of small deep green glossy leaves. The flowers—lavender-blue clusters—appear in spring and make an attractive show. Use where a low shrub is desired.

BLUE PLUMBAGO

Ceratostigma. For listing of these blue flowered plants see Plumbago. Page 15.

CESTRUMS

Cestrum parqui, Night Scented Jasmine. Rapid growing shrub with light green leaves and inconspicuous flowers but very fragrant in the evening. The delightful perfume lends enchantment to any outdoor living room. 27°.

GERALDTON WAX FLOWER

Chamaelaucium ciliatum. One of the finest shrubs introduced to California in recent years. Showy attractive pink flowers with red central cups cover the heather-like foliage in graceful sprays. Excellent as a cut flower, lasting several weeks in water. January to April. Sun. In Red and Pink. Hardy to 25°.

MEXICAN ORANGE

Choisya ternata. Bright green neat foliage; a neat rounded shrub of good proportions, easy to grow in sun or shade. Clusters of fragrant white flowers in spring. Hardy.

FLAME PEA

Chorizema varium. Rounded dark green leaves and pea-shaped orange-red flowers distinguish this variety. Makes an excellent low shrub for the foundation planting. Hardy to 24°.

ROCK ROSES

Hardy shrubs. All require sun and good drainage.

Cistus corbariensis. Low spreading shrub with attractive sage green leaves and pure white flowers, averaging 2 inches across. Wonderful to cover slopes in sunny places.

Cistus ladaniferous maculatus, Brown Eyed Rockrose. Long deep green narrow leaves with the appearance of recent varnishing. Large crepy white flowers with showy brown spots at the base of petals. Sun.

Cistus purpureus. One of the finest Rockroses. Low and spreading with beautiful crepy pink flowers with maroon blotches at base of petals. Sun.

AUSTRALIAN FUCHSIA

Correa Harrissi. Recent introduction. Low and compact in habit. Pendant, tubular scarlet flowers bloom continuously from early January to April.

Correa pulchella. Marvelous new 2-foot shrub with spreading bushy habit, deep olive green foliage and graceful display of dainty pink bell-shaped flowers in winter and spring. Recommended as a foundation planting shrub. Sun.

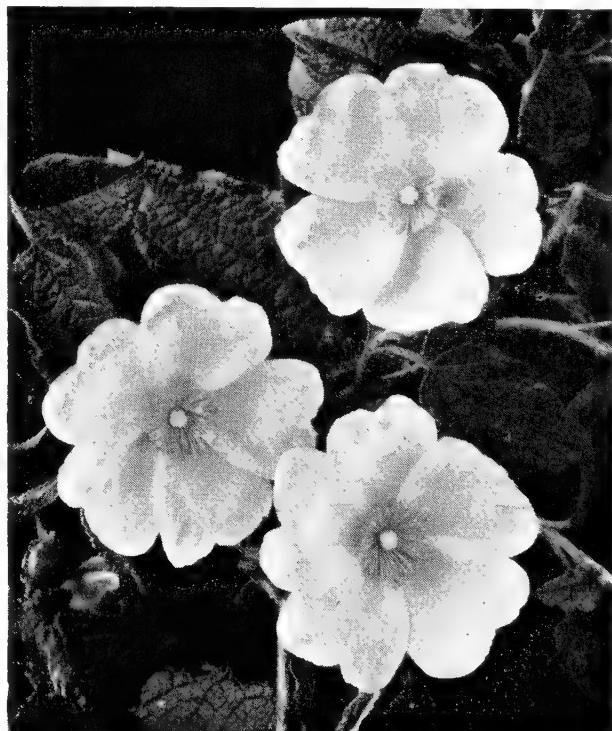
COTONEASTERS

Very useful group of shrubs with white flowers and pretty red berries that lend an attractive color note to the garden. Many have distinctive growing habits which lend nicely to rockeries, bank planting, or in front of other shrub planting, but especially among rocks. The taller varieties make good all-around ornamental shrubs. All are useful, hardy shrubs.

Cotoneaster horizontalis, Rock Cotoneaster. Flat spreading shrub with tiny glossy green leaves and bright red berries. Partly deciduous it assumes brilliant colors in cold winters.

Cotoneaster parneyi, Parney Cotoneaster. Very showy taller variety with handsome berries, largest of all, in immense clusters. Large glossy leaves.

Other varieties available at the Nursery.



CISTUS CORBARIENSIS

LOOKING GLASS PLANT

Coprosma baueri. Unique round highly polished dark green leaves cover this medium-size shrub. Useful in foundation planting. Not much for flowers but the little orange berries are attractive. Does better in sea-coast districts. Hardy to 27°.

FRAGRANT DAPHNE

Daphne odora marginata. Dense low shrub with rich green, cream-margined leaves and clusters of exquisitely fragrant waxy white or pink flowers from January to March. Good drainage is necessary. Shade or partial shade. Very hardy.

BREATH OF HEAVEN

Diosma pulchrum. Dwarf compact bushy shrub with fine foliage like Heather covered with masses of tiny pink flowers during spring and summer. Sun. Very showy and graceful. Hardy to 20°.

Diosma Reevesi. Same as the pink but with white flowers. Excellent shrubs to lighten the effect of heavy foliage masses in the shrub plantings, especially in foundations. Hardy to 20°.

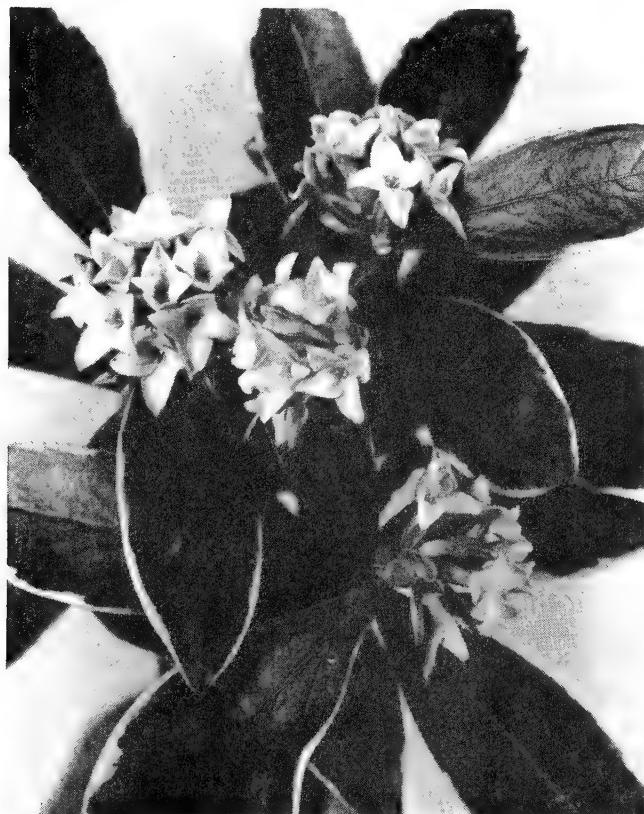
HEATHERS

Lovely fine foliaged shrubs with showy masses of brilliant flowers. There are two types, one with tubular flowers (South African) and the other with small globular flowers (southern European). Both do well in sun but require a soil of pure peat with a little sand for drainage. Keep lime away from them and acidify the soil once a year with soil sulphur. All hardy to 15°.

Erica melanthera rosea. Flowers of deep pink. A tall growing shrub with masses of fine textured, plump leaves and clouds of pink flowers.

Erica Melanthera Rubra. Darker blossoms and lower growing than the Rosea.

Other varieties available at the nursery.



DAPHNE ODORA MARGINATA

ESCALLONIAS

Excellent evergreen shrubs of neat growth and good dark green foliage. Some have showy flowers in large clusters. For open situations. Escallonias do especially well along the coast. Hardy.

Escallonia organensis. One of finest Escallonias recently introduced and one of the best ornamental shrubs. Luxuriant glossy green leaves of medium size showing bronzy red tints. Flowers pink to white, like small apple-blossoms in large clusters.

Escallonia rubra. Low compact shrub probably the best of the group; shining leaves and showy rich red flowers. Like a shady location.

EUGENIA

Evergreen shrubs or trees with privet-like foliage much used as clipped specimens. While young they stand clipping well. Useful as hedges and windbreaks, or as columnar shrubs as accents. The fruits of some varieties make odd jellies. Sun or partial shade. Hardy to 25°.

Eugenia myrtifolia, Brush Cherry. Dense growing shrub, the most popular of all Eugenias. New growth reddish, later turning green. Sun or shade. Purple berries are very attractive.

Eugenia smithi. More refined and better suited to foundation planting than the common Eugenia is this handsome shrub whose orchid or lavender-pink porcelain-like berries are very charming and distinct.

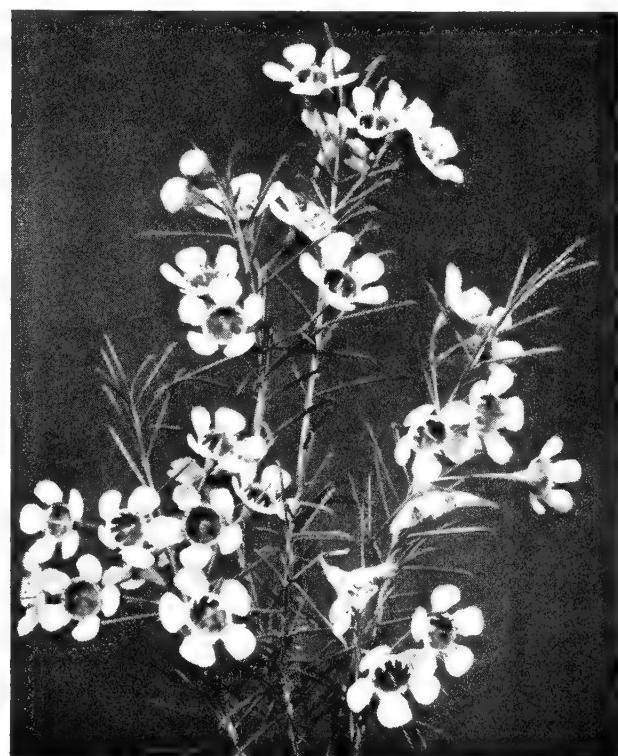
EUONYMUS

Euonymus. Slow growing evergreen foliage shrub well suited to planting in the drier sections where it is used about the home as a foundation or specimen plant or as clipped specimens. We offer

Euonymus japonicus, deep green; **E. aureo-marginatus**, with yellow margins and **E. argenteo-marginatus**, with silvery markings. All hardy and easy to grow.

PINEAPPLE GUAVA

Feijoa sellowiana, Pineapple Guava. Not nearly enough grown as an ornamental, this gray foliaged shrub glorifies the garden in spring with its waxy white flowers with plumes of bright red stamens in the centers. Fruits green, oval in shape, with 4 little ears left over from the flower and strongly scented of Pineapple. Very hardy.



GERALDTON WAX FLOWER (See page 10)



HIBISCUS



ESCALLONIA ORGANENSIS (See page 11)

FLANNELBUSH

Fremontia mexicana. One of our finest native shrubs. Deeply cut woolly leaves and yellow-orange cup-shaped flowers in early spring are a glorious combination. Full sun and dry porous soil make it useful for semi-wild plantings in dry places. Hardy.

FUCHSIAS

The highly colored yet delicate flowers of Fuchsias are so varied and beautiful that they are highly prized all over the country. Give them a rich soil with plenty of leaf mold or humus and keep moist but not wet. They are best along the coast but do well inland with frequent spraying during hot spells. Subject to frost.

See complete selection at nursery. Prices according to size and variety. Available in hanging and upright varieties.

GARDENIAS

Glossy leaved shrubs famous for their waxy white flowers. Delightfully perfumed and much used for corsages and when cut simply to perfume the house. They are easy to grow in sun or partial shade when planted in a soil composed of leaf-mold, peat and sand. Drainage should be the best. Don't cultivate around the roots, instead spread a mulch of leaf-mold to keep the soil moist at all times. Hardy to 18 or 20°.

Gardenia grandiflora. Mystery. Improved form with large double flowers. Profuse during summer, off and on throughout the year.

Gardenia Veitchi. While this variety has smaller blooms than Mystery, it blooms more profusely and over a longer period of time.

GREVILLEA

Grevillea thelemanniana. **Hummingbird Bush, Jewel Flower.** Bushy shrub of medium size with feathery, finely cut leaves and bright ruby-red flowers off and on throughout the year. Sun but must have a dry well-drained soil. Hardy.

HYPERICUM

Hypericum patulum henryi. Medium sized shrub of fairly rapid growth, retaining its compact form with little additional care. Large yellow flowers. Sun or partial shade. Very hardy.

Hypericum moserianum. Low growing shrub sometimes three feet high and as much across, with good dense habit, dark green leaves and yellow flowers. Very hardy.

GUAVAS for Jelly and Ornament

We often think of Guava as a fruiting shrub almost in the same sense as we would mention Blackberries. They are decidedly attractive shrubs for ornamental purposes, requiring nothing more than frost-free areas to grow. Excellent when used as hedges where their close growth, fine foliage and colorful fruits vie with each other in making their stay worthwhile. Use the fruits for jellies and preserves.

Lemon Guava (*Psidium guajava*). Large yellow-green pear-shaped fruits. Slightly tender.

Red Strawberry Guava (*Psidium cattleyanum*). Large deep red fruits of fine flavor. 24°.

Yellow Strawberry Guava (*Psidium lucidum*). Fruits yellow, somewhat firmer than the Red Strawberry. 24°.

See also Pineapple Guava (Feijoa).

HIBISCUS

A popular California flowering shrub, Hibiscus are somewhat tender in this locality and should be protected from frost.

Agnes Gault. The most popular large flowered single pink. Flowers often measure 6 or 7 inches across.

Crown of Bohemia. Choice yellow double with rich autumn tones of orange and bronze. Very popular.

Kona (Double Agnes Gault). Fully double, large attractive flowers in the same beautiful pink of the single type.

Red Monarch. Finest of all double Hibiscus with deep dark red fully double flowers of good size.

San Diego Red (Scarlet Single). Popular clear red single.

Other varieties available.

HOLLY

Ilex aquifolium, English Holly. For Christmas decorations this Holly resembles the traditional American Holly with its spiny leaves, bright glossy dark green and bright red berries on the female plants. Porous soil, preferably partly shaded. Hardy.

Ilex cornuta, Chinese Holly. Differs in the broader leaves with fewer spines. Nice dark green foliage and as a berry bearing shrub very showy. Perhaps a little more desirable than the English Holly for California gardens. Very hardy.

Ilex cornuta burfordi. This holly is adapted to the milder climates. Has the deep dark green foliage although almost without spines and clusters of bright red berries in winter. Excellent for Christmas berries. Very hardy.

LANTANAS

Lantana camara. The uses to which it may be put in the landscape scheme are simply astounding—to cover banks, trained against walls as a vine, as a ground cover, in pots, and even as a specimen shrub. It glorifies the space it occupies with brilliantly colored flowers that seem to change shades as they mature but never become unsightly. Full sun, little care will make them at home. Of course they like a drink now and then. Hardy to 25°.

Dwarf varieties. Yellow, white, Radiation (orange-red), pink.

Tall varieties. Orange, white, and pink.

Lantana sellowiana, Trailing Lantana. Mauve flowers cover this foot high trailer most of the summer. Freezes out in places but generally comes back. Sun.

LAUROCERASUS

English Laurel. See Prunus, page 15.

TEA TREE

Leptospermum laevigatum, Australian Tea Tree. Graceful shrub with long curving branches, fine greyish-green leaves, and small white flowers in spring. Dry soils with good drainage and sun. Makes an excellent windbreak. Hardy.

Leptospermum reevesi (L. laevigatum compactum). A compact growing shrub with slightly greener foliage. White flowers. Hardy.

Leptospermum scoparium flore pleno, Double Tea Tree. Erect branches, finely cut foliage and double bright rose-pink flowers often 3/4 inch across make a very showy shrub in spring. Hardy.



RED STRAWBERRY GUAVA (See page 12)



MEYER LEMON

MEYER LEMON

Meyer Lemon. One of the best plants to serve both as an ornamental shrub and as a source of fine lemons for culinary use. Dwarf in habit, it is constantly covered with fragrant lavender and white blossoms, and maturing fruit.



FUCHSIA—We offer a complete assortment of this lovely plant. Upright and trailing—singles and doubles in all popular colors.



DOUBLE PINK OLEANDER

PRIVETS for Hedges

Ligustrum japonicum, Japanese Privet. Large shrub with dark green leaves. One of the finest privets for all hedges or large specimen shrubs. Hardy.

Ligustrum texanum, Wax-leaf Privet. Tall erect shrub with large glossy dark green leaves, very much like Lilac. Fragrant waxy-white flowers in spring. Specimens for parking strips, or as tall or medium height hedge. Hardy.

Ligustrum sinensis, Old Type Nepal Privet. Dense growing shrub with small light green leaves. Makes an excellent hedge if trained between 2 and 6 feet high. Hardy.

Ligustrum ovalifolium variegatum, Golden Privet. Upright growing privet with bright golden yellow leaves. Good as a specimen shrub. Very hardy.

Ligustrum ovalifolium, California Privet. A strong growing plant with dark green foliage of medium size. Popular hedge plant for screening or lining driveways. Also available in variegated form.

Some available in flats and bare root for hedge planting

HOLLY-GRAPE

Mahonia compacta, Oregon Holly-Grape. Dwarf growing shrub with bronzy deep green holly-like leaves. Rich yellow flowers in spring are followed by bluish grape-like berries. Hardy. Excellent for low hedges or as a dwarf shrub for about the house. Particularly fine in shady places.

BOTTLEBRUSHES

An easily grown group of large shrubs, mostly with small leaves, graceful arching stems and flowers mostly stamens arranged in such a way as to suggest bottle brushes. These are the Small Flowered Bottlebrushes generally more graceful and ornamental than Callistemon. All prefer sun, in a well drained soil.

Melaleuca hypericifolia, Scarlet Bottlebrush. Dark green leaves and rich deep red flowers. 15°.

Melaleuca nesophila, Pink Bottlebrush. Bright green leathery leaves and lilac-rose flowers. 15°.

AFRICAN BOX

Myrsine africana. Close growing shrub resembling boxwood but much more colorful. Deep glossy green leaves are closely set on slightly reddish stems. Useful as a low hedge. Stands shearing. 15°.

MYRTLES

Myrtus communis, Common Myrtle. Splendid small leaved shrub much used as a hedge plant and for foundation planting is very good. The tiny leaves are dark green, glossy and aromatic. Flowers white in late spring and summer followed by blue black berries.

Myrtus communis buxifolia, Boxleaf Myrtle. Large leaved variety with showy white flowers, the stamens forming a plump tuft in the center. Excellent shrub for foundation planting.

Myrtus communis compacta. Small, pointed leaves in dense masses on this compact shrub. Excellent for low hedges. 15°.

Myrtus communis variegata. Foliage marked and striped silver; berries large and contrast beautifully with the light foliage.

HEAVENLY BAMBOO

Nandina domestica. Not a Bamboo in any sense of the word but the foliage does resemble a small variety in many ways. Leaves light green tipped with pink and copper in early spring and assumes a vivid red in autumn. Bright crimson berries in generous clusters are showy. Very hardy.

OLEANDERS

Nerium oleander. Large bushy shrubs freely blooming all summer, during the hottest weather. Do well in the hot dry interior valleys. Long slender feathery leaves. In various colors, single and double. 18°.

Apple Blossom. Single; large shell pink.

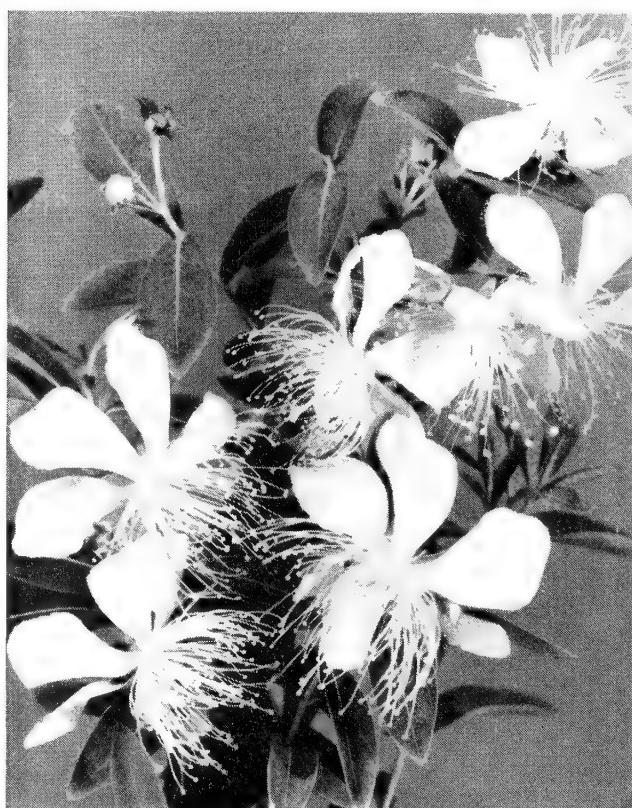
Compt. Barthelmy. Double red, sometimes streaked with white.

Dark Red. Single, fine dark color.

Mrs. Roeding. Fine double salmon pink.

Rosea. Double pink.

White. Single white.



HYPERICUM PATULUM HENRYI

OSMANTHUS

Osmanthus delavayi. Shrubby osmanthus, making a broad dense shrub covered with small oval or rounded leaves of deep green. Spring brings forth clusters of fragrant white flowers. Hardy.

Osmanthus fragrans, Sweet Olive. Dark green glossy leaves, creamy white flowers most abundant in autumn. Very fragrant. Hardy to 10°.

CALIFORNIA HOLLY, TOYON

Photinia arbutifolia. Glorious native shrubs whose beautiful dark green foliage and bright red berries has made it known to many as Christmas Berry. Does well under cultivation but is sometimes difficult to establish. Well worth any effort to get it started. Very hardy.

Photinia serrulata, Chinese Photinia. Large broad toothed leaves often assuming pretty red or bronze tints especially when young or during cold weather. Berries in large clusters. Very hardy.

PITTOSPORUM

This group of large shrubs forms the backbone of most California plantings. Some varieties are large shrubs or small trees. All are easy to grow, and hardy except in extremely cold places. Some have showy sweet scented flowers.

Pittosporum eugenoides. Of erect habit; foliage long, narrow, yellowish-green with wavy margins; stems black. A recommended screening and hedge plant. 21°.

Pittosporum tobira. Handsome spreading shrub with glossy dark green leaves, clusters of fragrant white flowers in spring, followed by small yellowish pods which open to show the bright red seeds. One of the most useful ornamentals for the west coast. 15°.

Pittosporum Tobira variegata. Dwarfer spreading shrub with greyish leaves having silvery white margins. Very attractive.

Pittosporum undulatum, Victorian Box. Beautiful round headed tree or large shrub. Useful also as a hedge. Rich green leaves with wavy margins, yellowish-white flowers, very fragrant at night. 25°.

PRINCESS FLOWER

Pleroma grandiflora. Velvety bronze hairy leaves, reddish stems and very large purple flowers, often 3 inches across, in fall and winter. Showy and beautiful, does best in slightly acid soil. Tender, 27°.



PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA



PHOTINIA ARBUTIFOLIA

BLUE PLUMBAGO

Plumbago capensis. Excellent ornamental shrub of refined habit, good foliage and showy blue flowers all summer and at a time when good flowers are scarce. Easy to grow and happy under all condition. Semi-climbing; it can be easily trained as a vine. Hardy to 24°.

Plumbago griffithi, Burmese Plumbago (Ceratostigma). Low bushy 2-foot shrub spreading to about 4 feet. Bronzy foliage and covered with brilliant rich blue flowers throughout the fall. Drops its leaves in winter in colder sections.

POLYGALA

Polygala dalmatiana. Small rounded shrub with tiny yellow-green leaves and pretty orchid-like purple flowers all year around.

LAURELS

Prunus laurocerasus, English Laurel. A fine broad-leaved evergreen shrub used mostly for specimen planting and hedges. The oval leaves always present a cool refreshing green color. Hardy.

EVERGREEN CHERRIES

Prunus caroliniana. Carolina Cherry. Beautiful large shrub or small tree for specimen or screen planting. Deep glossy green foliage; white flowers followed by black cherries. Hardy.

Prunus lyoni, Catalina Cherry. Leaves deep green and glossy around 5 inches long and holly-like. Makes a large shrub or small tree. Can be planted as a tall hedge. Shears well and remains a beautiful green all season. Hardy.

Prunus ilicifolia, Holly-leaf Cherry. Dwarfer, making a tall holly-leaved shrub. For dry soil, and full sun this native shrub is a most valuable subject for background or screen planting. Hardy.



STRELITZIA REGINAE—BIRD OF PARADISE

FIRETHORNS for Colorful Berries

Pyracantha. Strong growing sturdy shrub with erect or spreading thorny branches and narrow dark green leaves and clusters of white flowers in spring. The real glory of these shrubs is the colorful abundance of berries in fall and winter. Rich fairly moist soil. Sun or partial shade.

Pyracantha gruberi. Gracefully arching stems covered with large bright red berries. Dark glossy foliage. Heavy bearer.

Pyracantha Striblingi. A new selection of this lovely berried shrub. Dark green glowing foliage and bright red berries, larger than usual, and in quantity.

Pyracantha yunnanensis. 4- to 6-foot shrub spreading to 12 feet. Deep red berries. Fine for covering banks, stands sandy soil.

RAPHIOLEPIS

Raphiolepis indica rosea. A new variety with bright pink flowers and neat glossy foliage. Exceptionally fine for low planting.

Raphiolepis ovata. A dense compact dwarf shrub; foliage thick and dark green; flowers white with red anthers, followed by blue berries.

RHODODENDRONS

We carry a good selection in size and variety of these popular shade loving plants. See them at the nursery. Balled and burlapped, \$6.50 up.

ROSEMARY

Rosmarinus officinalis. Another in the group of fragrant foliaged plants. Used since ancient times as an "herb". Neat narrow dark green aromatic leaves and light blue, almost white, flowers. Very hardy.

SARCOCOCCHA

Sarcococca ruscifolia. Medium size shrub (4 feet), attractive dark green shiny rounded leaves. Useful in partially shaded places as a foliage shrub, the beauty of which is augmented by dark scarlet berries. Very hardy.

BIRD OF PARADISE

Strelitzia reginae. Lush green oval leaves on stiff erect stems. Forms a good size clump over which the orange and blue birds perch on stiff stems. Very showy, popular plant for tubs or in the garden. Hardy to 26°.

VERONICAS

Veronica imperialis. Compact rounded shrub to medium height. Foliage medium green. Stems as well as flower spikes are reddish purple. Does well in shade.

Veronica decussata. Small compact shrub, gray-green leaves set close together in four rows, and violet-blue flowers throughout the year. Partial shade.

Veronica buxifolia. Low compact plant with box-like foliage and small, white flowers. Useful for globe-shaped accent plants or low edging.

VIBURNUMS

A hardy lot of good substantial shrubs useful in foundation planting, shrub borders, or as hedges. Some have fragrant flowers, others ornamental berries.

Viburnum japonicum. Fast growing shrub. Large glossy leathery leaves suggest English Laurel.

Viburnum suspensum, Sandankwa. Medium size shrub with lush leaves, neat foliage; white to rose pink flowers and scarlet berries. Neat, slow growth and attractive either as a specimen or hedge.

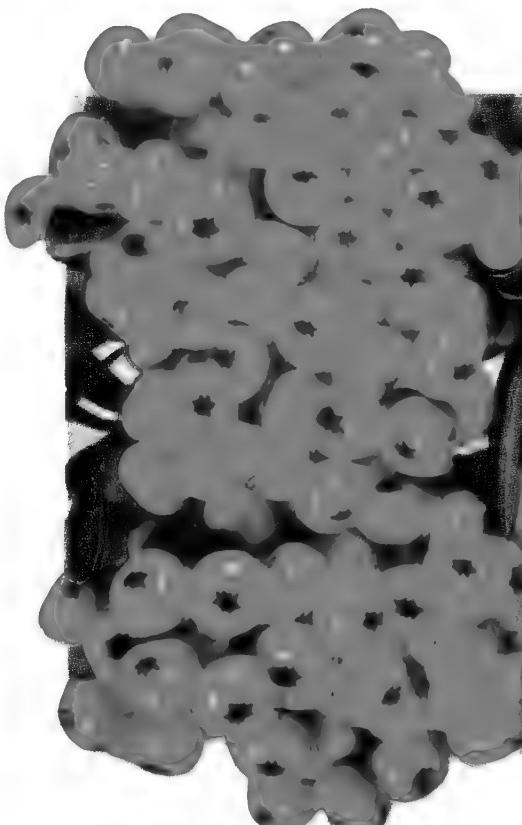
Viburnum tinus, Laurustinus. Very fine evergreen shrub making a dense growth of deep green glossy foliage. Clusters of pink buds open to dainty white flowers in spring.

Viburnum burkwoodi. The glory of this shrub is its clusters of pink and white fragrant flowers. Almost evergreen, although drops some of its leaves in cold weather.

XYLOSPA

Xylosma senticosum. One of the finest foliage shrubs of recent introduction. Leaves are small, oval and pointed. Light cheerful green reflecting the gold of sunlight pointed out by subtle tints of red. Used as a ground cover, as specimen shrub and well suited to training on a wall as espalier.

Many shrubs not listed are available. If you do not find what you want listed please inquire.



PYRACANTHA (Firethorn)

Produce quantities of bright red berries for Holiday decorations

Success with Fruit Trees

DON'TS. Before setting out fruit trees, the home orchardist should be cautioned against practices that cause failure. **Do not** plant fruit trees in poorly drained soils. **Do not** use any manure or fertilizer in the tree holes. **Do not** plant when the soil is soggy or saturated. **Do not** fail to prune trees as recommended below.

PLANTING. See Figures 1 and 2. Dig holes more than large enough to accommodate the root system. Fill the bottom of the hole with topsoil and set the bud union exactly at ground level. Fill in with more topsoil, to which has been added peat moss if your soil is heavy. Irrigate at once with a slow stream of water in the basin constructed after planting. Add more soil as required.

PRUNING. At planting time, all trees should be cut back at 24 to 36 inches above the bud union. All of the side branches should be eliminated from apricots, plums and prunes. Two or three buds should be left on three or four well-spaced branches on peaches, nectarines and almonds (see Fig. 1). Apples, pears and cherries usually are whips with few or no side branches, but should there be any, cut them off.

Figure 3 shows the development of the average fruit tree after the first season's growth, and how it should be pruned. All varieties should be thinned out and cut back as indicated in the right-hand diagram **except** cherries, walnuts and figs, which should never be cut back, only thinned out. In general, the same plan for pruning is followed in succeeding years.

CULTURE. Irrigate about once each month during the dry season. A balanced commercial fertilizer can be applied after the trees have been planted about two months, at the rate of about $\frac{1}{2}$ pound per tree. Use a manure mulch in the basin during fall and winter.

OUR STOCK is produced at our Helmer, Kelley, Plainsburg and La Branza growing grounds in Merced County, under our personal supervision. In choosing land on which to grow our stock, we select a sandy loam. This type of soil, combined with the thorough manner in which we care for our nursery, produces a strong, well-hardened tree, with an ideal root system.

OUR BUDS are selected **personally** from the heaviest producing trees in the best orchards of the section.

OUR THIRTY-EIGHT YEARS OF EXPERIENCE in the nursery business enables us to give you expert advice on planting and care of trees and vines. And **please remember** that when we give you advice, it is what we conscientiously believe and not in any way influenced by what we have to sell.

SMALL ORDERS are given the same consideration that large orders receive. This is evidenced in the fact that we make a specialty of **Family Orchards**.

Ten per cent of the amount of the order must accompany each order to insure its being reserved, and the balance is to be paid on delivery unless terms are arranged in advance.

OUR GUARANTEE: We handle our stock to the best of our ability to keep it in a live, healthy condition, so we must ask that all complaints be made within 10 days after receipt of stock. We use the greatest care in keeping our stock true to name, but for any error we will not be liable for more than the original purchase price of the stock mislabeled. In the case of unexpected catastrophe we are released from filling orders.

Packing is done at cost and the following prices are at our nursery. However, we make delivery where the size of the order and the distance warrants it. Other orders are shipped collect, by the safest and fastest method.

GRADING: All trees are graded by caliper, rather than by height. Thus when planted out and cut back they are of uniform size and more satisfactory to the planter. The sizes given in this list represent the approximate measurements taken two inches above the bud.

Height	Caliper
6 to 8 Feet Grade.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ Inch UP
4 to 6 Feet Grade.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{5}{8}$ Inch
3 to 4 Feet Grade.....	$\frac{3}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ Inch
2 to 3 Feet Grade.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{8}$ Inch

WE INVITE INSPECTIONS OF OUR NURSERIES
AND GROWING GROUNDS

Prices Subject to Change Without Notice

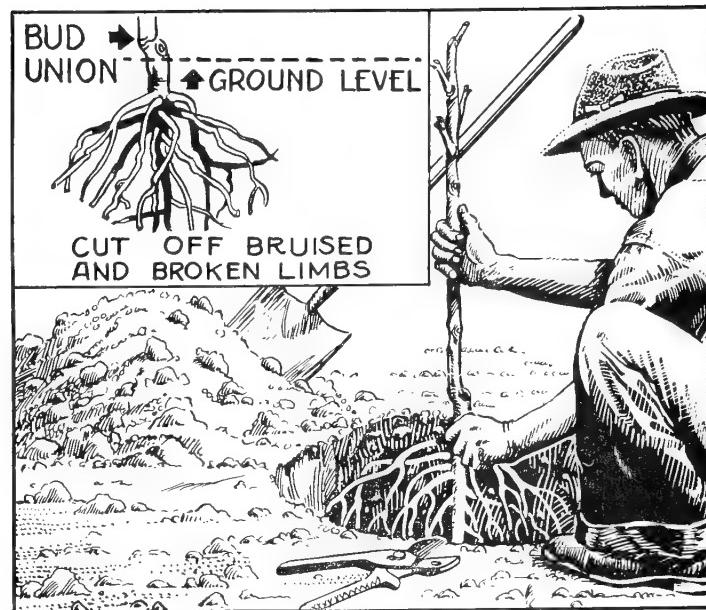


FIGURE 1



FIGURE 2

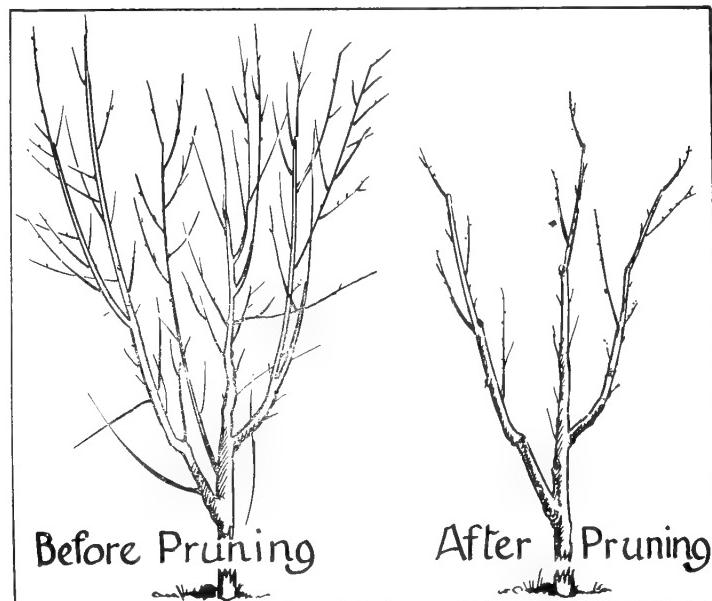


FIGURE 3

Stribling's Nurseries

This portion of our catalog is for the commercial orchardist and for those who enjoy fine fruit. Stribling's offer one of California's largest selections of June bud and yearling trees on both standard and resistant rootstocks. Specializing in resistant rootstocks, we maintain an experimental orchard near Atwater in Merced County. This is where our Stribling's S-37 originated and was proven the best nematode resistant peach rootstock. If you are confronted with the nematode problem we strongly urge that you plant: STRIBLING'S S-37 (Pat. Pending) Shalil or Mariana Rootstock.

For complete fruit descriptions ask for your copy of "FRUIT AND GRAPE VARIETIES OF GROWING QUALITY".



JUNE BUDS TAKEN AUGUST 15, 1948

GRAPE VINES



GRAPE VINES (Certified and Sealed)

Price	1 to 10 Vines	11 to 49 Vines	Per 1000
No. 1 Grade.....	\$.25 Ea.....	\$.15 Ea.....	\$75.00
No. 2 Grade.....	.20 Ea.....	.10 Ea.....	50.00

GRAPEVINES
AT OUR
LA BRANZA
GROWING
GROUNDS



A BLOCK OF
JUNE BUD
TREES AT OUR
PLAINSBURG
GROWING
GROUNDS

VARIETIES

Raisin and Table Varieties (T—Table; R—Raisin):

Black Malvoise—T	Lady Finger—T	Thompson—TR
Black Morocco—T	Muscat—TR	Tokay—T
Black Monukka—T	Ribier—T	White Malaga—T
Emperor—T	Red Malaga—T	

Wine Varieties:

Alicante	Feher Szagos	Muscat
Black Malvoise	Golden Chasselas	Mission
Carignane	Grenache	Zinfandel

RESISTANT VINES:

1613 "Nematode Resistant" St. George

EASTERN GRAPES \$.50 EACH

Concord

CARDINAL GRAPE

A NEW GRAPE SENSATION
DEVELOPED BY ELMER SNYDER OF THE U. S. D. A.

1 to 49	50 to 200	Per 1000
\$1.25 Ea.....	\$1.00 Ea.....	\$750.00

GENERAL PLANTING INFORMATION

BEST TIME TO PLANT IN CALIFORNIA

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs.....	January to April	Almost Any Time
Evergreen Trees and Shrubs.....	Any Time	November to May
Roses—Dormant.....	January to April	January to April
Palms, Vines, etc.....	Almost Any Time	January to April

PLANTS TO AN ACRE AT GIVEN DISTANCES APART

Distance Apart	No. Plants	Distance Apart	No. Plants	Distance Apart	No. Plants
2 feet by 1 foot.....	21,700	5 feet by 3 feet.....	2,904	18 feet by 18 feet.....	134
2 feet by 2 feet.....	10,890	5 feet by 4 feet.....	2,178	19 feet by 19 feet.....	120
3 feet by 1 foot.....	14,520	5 feet by 5 feet.....	1,742	20 feet by 20 feet.....	108
3 feet by 2 feet.....	7,260	6 feet by 6 feet.....	1,200	22 feet by 22 feet.....	90
3 feet by 3 feet.....	3,840	8 feet by 8 feet.....	680	25 feet by 25 feet.....	69
4 feet by 1 foot.....	10,890	8 feet by 10 feet.....	545	30 feet by 30 feet.....	48
4 feet by 2 feet.....	5,445	10 feet by 10 feet.....	435	33 feet by 33 feet.....	40
4 feet by 3 feet.....	3,630	12 feet by 12 feet.....	302	40 feet by 40 feet.....	27
4 feet by 4 feet.....	2,722	15 feet by 15 feet.....	193	50 feet by 50 feet.....	17
5 feet by 2 feet.....	4,356	16 feet by 16 feet.....	170	60 feet by 60 feet.....	12

PROPER DISTANCE BETWEEN TREES AND PLANTS

Variety	Ft. Apart	Variety	Ft. Apart
Oranges, Lemons and Grapefruit.....	.18 to 25	Low-Pruned Figs	12 to 16
Avocados25 to 35	Grape Vines	6 to 10
Peaches, Plums, Apricots, Cherries, Almonds.....	.20 to 25	Blackberries, Dewberries, Youngberries.....	6 by 8
Pears, Apples, Persimmons, Figs.....	.20 to 35	Raspberries	3 by 5
Walnuts and Pecans.....	.40 to 60	Strawberries	1 1/2 by 3
Olives30 to 35	Eucalyptus for Windbreak.....	4 to 8

GET RESULTS against PESTS!

CHECK YOUR NEEDS WITH
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SCALE CRAWLERS...



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Pt. 70¢; Gal. \$2.85

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4-oz. 35¢; Pt. 75¢; 1-qt. \$1.25

EXTRAX — 2-oz. 59¢; 4-oz. \$1.00;
Pt. \$2.85; 1/2 gal. \$10.25

PEST-B-GON Insect Spray —
4-oz. 65¢; Pt. \$2.00

GREENOL Liquid Fungicide —
1-oz. 35¢; 4-oz. 60¢;

·Pt. \$1.50; 1/2 gal. \$5.00

ORTHO Rose Spray Kit —
2-oz. Kit \$1.00

WEED-B-GON — 4-oz. 50¢;

Pt. \$1.50; 1/2 gal. \$4.00

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omical 50- or
100-lb. bags.



CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS

The coniferous evergreens all have either needle-like or scale-like leaves, and most all have cone for fruits, except Junipers and Yews which bear berries. All forms and shapes are available from low spreading Junipers, formal little Arborvitae, through medium sized shrubs to very large trees. They are a hardy lot, thriving from the mountains through the warm valleys to the sea coast.

Available in containers \$1.25 up. Balled and Burlapped \$4.00 up, according to size and variety.

STATELY DEODAR

Cedrus deodara, Deodar. Widely planted in California for its magnificent shape and light green foliage. Many are used as living Christmas Trees, for avenue planting and specimens where sufficient room is available.

BLUE LAWSON CYPRESS

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana allumi. Dense growing blue form. Suitable for accents in the foundation planting.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana ellwoodi. Slow and dense growing, this is one of the finest evergreen shrubs available. It is always neat in appearance and the plump, soft blue-green foliage is attractive the year around.

CYPRESS

Cupressus arizonica, Arizona Cypress. Narrow pyramidal tree with blue green foliage. Makes a fine windbreak in the warmer sections or use as a specimen.

Cupressus Forbesi, Forbes Cypress. The new substitute for Monterey Cypress for hedge planting. Introduced because of its resistance or immunity to the fatal cypress fungus. It is identical to the Monterey Cypress in growth and appearance.

Available in flats for Hedge Planting

Cupressus sempervirens, Italian Cypress. Tall slender spires of deep green invaluable as accents in planting. Useful along private drives. Narrow compact type grown from cuttings only.

THE VERSATILE JUNIPERS

Spreading Types

Juniperus pfitzeriana, Pfitzer Juniper. Bushy, wide-spreading shrub with horizontal branches, ultimately 5 feet high and 6 or 7 wide. All Junipers can be restricted in growth by pruning. Useful in foundation planting when grown into a formal shrub.

Juniperus procumbens. Wide-spreading creeping stems, bluish green. Sharply pointed leaves, marked on the upper surface by two white lines. It is perfectly hardy.

Juniperus sabina tamariscifolia, Tamarix Juniper. Spreading close to the ground with blue-green short needles. Good in contrast to the above. More refined in habit. Useful as a low shrub for foundation planting.

Erect Type

Juniperus torulosa, Hollywood Juniper. An irregular growing shrub with decidedly Japanese outline. Beautiful in rock garden backgrounds or as specimens where the form and dense tufts of green foliage show to advantage.

PINE TREES

Pinus canariensis, Canary Island Pine. Narrow symmetrical tree with horizontal branches evenly spaced in whorls about the straight trunk. Long needles in large tufts. One of the best Pines for California.

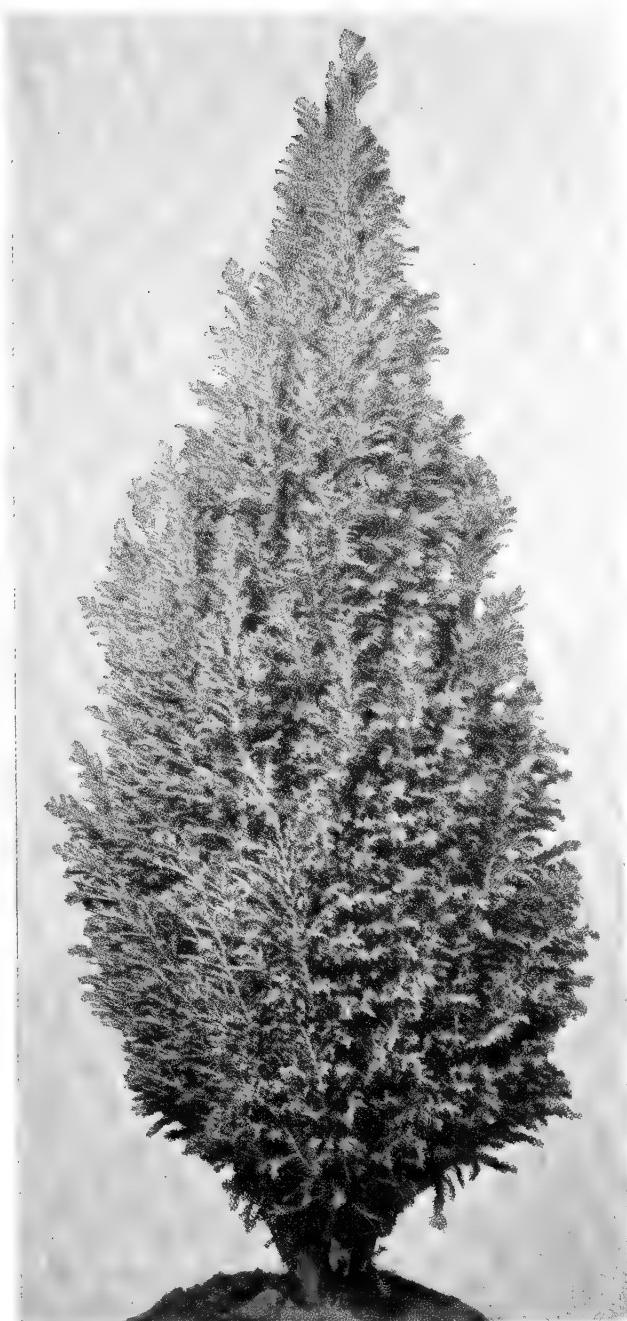
Pinus halepensis, Aleppo Pine. Dense, spreading tree with short dense needles. Widely planted and thriving on neglect.

Pinus radiata, Monterey Pine. Tall bushy symmetrical tree with deep green foliage. Rapid growth, succeeds anywhere in California.

SEQUOIAS and REDWOODS

Sequoia gigantea, California Big Tree. Beautiful trim pyramidal tree with blue green foliage. Thrives anywhere except on the desert.

Sequoia sempervirens, Redwood. More rapid growing, this cousin of the Big Tree has longer needle-like dark green leaves and the same bright reddish bark. In young trees the branches fall gracefully and fan out at lower levels.



CHAMAECYPARIS LAWSONIANA ELWOODI

YEW

Taxus baccata fastigiata (Irish). Narrow columns of deepest green foliage. Slow upright growth. An excellent shrub for accents.

Taxus baccata (English Yew). Dark green foliage, upright growth. Grows best along coastal regions.

ARBORVITAE

Thuja aurea nana, Berckman's Golden Arborvitae. Popular dwarf golden variety. Tips of the branches bright golden yellow throughout most of the year. Hardy to cold and dry conditions.

Thuja Beverleyensis, Golden Column Arborvitae. Tall, narrow bright golden yellow column, 15 to 20 feet high. Requires full sun to keep the color. Fine as a specimen shrub.

Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis. The leaves, roughly fan-shaped, have a fragrant odor and grow compactly; attractive in all stages of its life.

Thuja orientalis bonita. This slow growing pyramidal evergreen has bright green foliage arranged in plaits from top to bottom, giving it a dressed up appearance.



Distinctive Foliage Plants Add Charm to Interiors. Left to right: Dieffenbachia picta, Ficus pandurata "Fiddle Fig", Philodendron cordatum "Totem Pole", and Ficus elastica, the Rubber Tree.

Foliage Plants for Home, Store and Office

Modern architecture and modern living calls for the inclusion of plants as part of the interior decoration. Plants suitable for indoor culture in pots, tubs, etc., and hardy enough to stand the growing conditions indoors are listed below. These are all excellent foliage plants, many having brightly colored leaves.

Select a light airy place for the plants. Dark corners are generally unsuitable. Keep the pots watered so the soil is moist but not soggy wet. Generally a watering schedule will be developed as one notices the regularity of watering required. Philodendrons trained on "totem poles" of sphagnum moss should be watered both at the pot and the moss. Leaves collect dust which should be sponged gently off or sprayed once in a while so they can breathe. Use plain water only.

If you do not find the plants you need listed, please ask us about them, specimens of most kinds are available.

Crotons. Outstanding for the brilliantly colored leaves, usually reds and yellow predominating. Various formations of leaves as narrow, broad and corkscrew give one a choice in selecting Crotons. Give more water than other plants. Crotons cannot stand to dry out. 50c up.

Dieffenbachia. These are really stately plants for large pots or tubs. The foliage, tropical in appearance, is large and often attractively colored. Hardy for indoor culture.

picta. Broad leaves of deep green with variable yellow spots. \$2.00 up.

Silver Leaf. Very attractive form. \$2.00 up.

Rudolph Roehrs. Very showy light green broad leaves with a margin of deep green. Slow growing and very choice. \$2.50 up.

Dracaena. Growth habit resembles a pineapple or yucca in that the long gracefully arching or twisting leaves radiate from a common center. Growth is slow and plants are very hardy to indoor culture.

massangeana. One of the best of all house plants. Leaves deep green with variable yellow stripes down the center rib. Specimen plants from \$2.50 up.

fragrans. Similar to the above but the leaves are solid green. \$2.50 up.

craigii. Excellent pot plant with rich deep green leaves. \$2.50 up.

For Dish Gardens. Dwarf evergreen plants for these attractive interior decorations include Chinese Evergreen (*Aglaonema simplex*, *Peperomia*, *Nephthytis* Emerald Gem and others). Pothos is delightful planted in wall pockets—foliage like Philodendron.

Ferns. Plants of this group have long enjoyed a prominent place in the home and office. Their hardiness to indoor conditions, the delicacy of their leaf form and their pleasing green together with the ease with which they can be grown are all in their favor. We offer various kinds: **Maiden-hair**, **Bird's Nest**, **Boston Fern**, and many small *Pteris* types. 50c each and up.

Ficus. Rubber Plants. Among the foliage plants the Rubber Tree is hard to beat. Slow growing, with neat, thick deep green polished leaves it is extremely hardy to indoor conditions.

elastica. The regular type. Deep green leaves. \$1.80 and up.

doescheri. Foliage variegated with yellow. A very showy form and unusual in appearance. \$2.00 up.

pandurata. Most majestic of all the rubber plants with large fiddle-shaped deep green leaves. Slow growing. \$6.50 up.

Hedera, Ivy. Special dwarf growing forms with interesting leaf forms are ideal for indoor culture. Among the Ivies we offer are

Hahn's Self Branching. Close growing, with small leaves and requiring no training, 35c up; and **Maple Queen** (Pat.). A novel new kind with attractive and different leaves. 60c and up.

Pandanus veitchii. Screw Pine. Excellent for tropical effects, the long narrow arching leaves are brightly colored with creamy-yellow stripes running their entire length. Hardy and popular. \$2.00 and up.

Philodendron. One of the more popular vines for interior use is *P. caudatum* with pointed heart-shaped leaves. Beside this one there are others with still more noble foliage, some quite large and variously cut and shaped.

cordatum. Small heart-shaped leaves. Deep green. 50c up.

dubia. Like *P. pertusum* but leaves cut into long fingers. Leaves quite large and light green in color. \$5.00 up.

erubescens. Large solid heart-shaped leaf tinged with red. \$4.00 and up.

hastatum. Elephant Ear. Arrow-head shaped light green leaves particularly tropical in appearance. \$7.50 up.

pertusum (*Monstera deliciosa*). Bread Fruit. One of the best for hotel lobbies, department stores or offices where the large tropical rounded leaves with their irregular cuts and splits show to best advantage. \$8.50 up.

Phoenix roebeleni. Dwarf slow growing palm with deep green, delicately formed leaves. Very hardy. \$2.00 up.

Sansieveria laurenti. Lucky Plant. Erect sword shaped leaves of thick waxy texture, deep green with interesting and colorful markings and stripes of yellow. Very popular and hardy, requires the minimum of attention. 60c up.

Prices quoted are for Minimum Sizes if in stock. Large specimens and "made-up" plants available.

VINES

Vines should be considered in all plantings, some for their foliage and others for their exquisite bloom. There are vines that will cling to masonry and wood without any additional support such as *Ampelopsis*, *Ficus* and English Ivy. Others are dependent on trellis work on which they will naturally twine—*Cissus*, Honeysuckle, *Bignonia* and many others. They are extremely valuable to add interest to blank walls, to provide shade on arbors and summer houses, others to cover fences and walls. Many have useful and colorful bloom. All are hardy unless indicated.

Prices on vines vary from \$1.00 up, depending on variety and size selected.

VIRGINIA CREEPER

Ampelopsis quinquefolia, Virginia Creeper. Large five fingered leaves turning intensely scarlet in fall. Rapid climber, clinging to walls, very hardy, therefore useful in the mountains.

BOSTON IVY

Ampelopsis veitchii, Boston Ivy. Clings to any rough surface without help, covering large areas with delicate light green foliage, which in fall turns many brilliant hues of red. Very hardy and deciduous.

TRUMPET VINES

Strong, rapid growing evergreen climbing vines useful in many places for their ability to cover large areas and for the showy trumpet-shaped bloom. Will stand temperatures to about 25°.

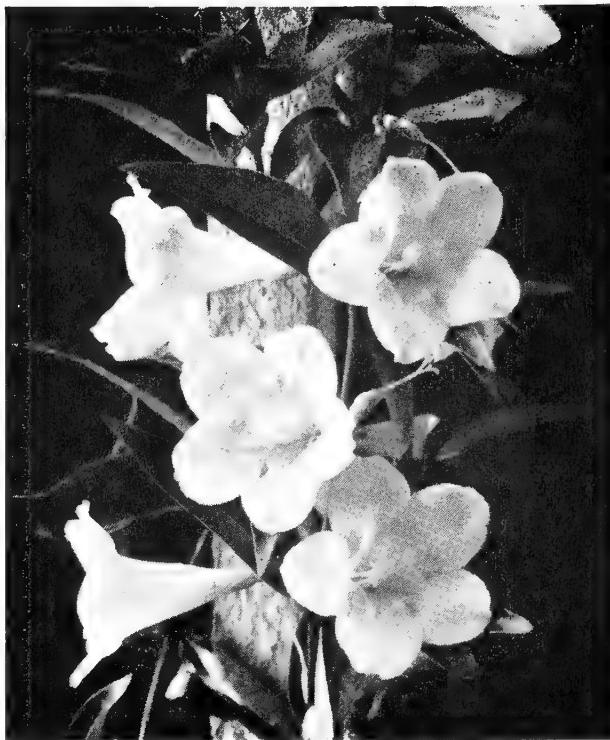
Bignonia cherere. Perhaps the showiest of the group. Free growing vine with deep green glossy evergreen foliage and large clusters of 4-inch trumpets; bright red with yellow throat and tints of lavender on the tubes. Reliable bloom. Somewhat tender. 25°.

Bignonia tweediana, Yellow Trumpet Vine. Clinging vine for wood or masonry. Flowers about 2 inches long, bright canary yellow in generous clusters. Hardy.

Bignonia violacea, Painted Trumpet Vine. An excellent vine for sunny or shady places. Produces quantities of delicate lavender trumpets with deeper veins. Always dainty and nice. Fine glossy foliage. Hardy to about 19°.



PASSIFLORA PFORDI (See page 20)



GELSEMIUM SEMPERVIRENS (See page 30)

BOUGAINVILLEA

No vine is more typical of California than Bougainvillea with its lavish display of color, from the dry desert regions to the sea coast, on Spanish type houses and over walls and fences. In planting be careful not to break ball of soil when removing from containers. This injury may cause them to die. We suggest cutting off the bottom of the container and planting with the side intact, allowing the metal to rust away. Otherwise they are free and rapid growers. Tender, particularly new growth.

Bougainvillea San Diego Red. Vigorous growing vine with brick red flowers. Slow to bloom but after planting quickly makes a rapid growth and becomes very floriferous. Tender, 28°.

Bougainvillea brasiliensis. Large showy rosy-purple flowers of a pleasing color produced in quantity most of the year, heaviest show in winter and spring. Hardest of all. Sun. 25°.

Bougainvillea Crimson Lake. Rich bright deep crimson flowers most of the year. Very popular variety. Vigorous but fairly tender. Full sun. 30°.

CLEMATIS

Clematis jackmani. Purple. Attaining the length of 10 feet, it is a rapid climber and blossoms freely.

Clematis henryi. Creamy white. The large white flowers and intense green foliage present a striking appearance. Blossoms in late July or early August.

Clematis Mme. Andre. Red. Grows to a height of 8 feet. It is a free and persistent producer of crimson flowers from July to September.

Clematis Ramona. Light blue. Grows from 8-10 feet, the blossoms appearing in July and lasting for several weeks. Its clear, sky-blue flowers give it a charm all of its own.

Clematis Montana Rubens. Climbing to 25 feet, flowers from May through June. The flowers are a rosy pink and the leaves are purplish.

EVERGREEN GRAPE

Cissus rhombifolia. Dark green leaves with three leaflets cover this strong growing evergreen vine. One of the best plants for pot culture in dark rooms or in the open. Tender, 28°.

CREEPING FIGS

Ficus repens. Wonderful rich green, large heart-shaped leaves. Hardy, vigorous growth. Clings closely to walls.



BIGNONIA VIOlacea (See page 19)

CAROLINA JESSAMINE

Gelsemium sempervirens. Beautiful evergreen twiner. Small tubular yellow flowers with an elusive fragrance and wide flaring mouths cover the vine in great abundance, starting in December and for several months. Sun.

IVIES

Hedera helix, English Ivy. English Ivy makes a delightful ground cover of glossy dark green leaves. It is useful to train over a wire fence whence it makes a dense impenetrable hedge needing little care. Useful for pot culture indoors, in patios and shade houses. Sun or shade.

Hedera canariensis variegata. The leaves are variegated with white in many interesting patterns. A nice vine to use against dark walls where the white and green make a lively combination. We stock both **variegated** and solid **green** types.

JASMINES

Jasminum grandiflorum, Spanish Jasmine. A slender vigorous vine with clusters of large fragrant white flowers from June to November. Very fine vine for trellises or to clamber over fences. 25°.

Jasminum primulinum, Primrose Jasmine. Fast growing old-fashioned vine with double yellow flowers in winter. Fine for covering steep unsightly banks. Minimum of water. Sun.

Solanum jasminoides (Potato Vine). Shrubby climber, growing to 10 feet. The flowers are star-shaped and are white tinged with blue.

CHILEAN JASMINE

Mandevilla suaveolens, Chilean Jasmine. Hardy, vigorous vine with large, long pointed leaves and great clusters of long tubular white, deliciously fragrant flowers. Very showy.

STAR JASMINE

Rhynchospermum jasminoides, Star Jasmine. Evergreen vine bearing clusters of showy white star-like flowers with lovely fragrance. One of the finest vines for shady places. Grows equally well in sun. Flowers June and July. Particularly fragrant in the evening. Splendid foliage. Excellent in tubs. Hardy.

CLIMBING HONEYSUCKLES

Lonicera halliana, Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle. An old favorite. Vigorous vine useful for its evergreen foliage and soil binding roots as a ground cover or on fences. Fragrant flowers white, fading to yellow. Very hardy.

PASSION VINE

Passiflora pfordti. Graceful ornamental vine with large 4- to 5-inch flowers showing white with shades of lavender or pink in the petals, deep blue corona and green flower parts. Give it a place of prominence on arbor, fence or trellis. 25°.

SILVERLACE VINE

Silver Lace Vine. A rapid growing deciduous vine with brightly varnished leaves. Supplies panicles of fragrant flowers in late summer. Will cover a large area in a short time. Sun or part shade. Particularly desirable in cold locations.

TRUMPET VINES

Tecoma jasminoides rosea. Foliage a lovely bright green, not heavy nor too rampant and producing large clusters of pale pink trumpets each with a ruby red throat. 24°.

Tecoma capensis, Cape Honeysuckle. Leaves are shiny deep green, always neat in appearance and very nice with the clusters of bright orange-red flowers, suggestive of honeysuckles. Hardy to 24°. Sun.

WISTERIAS

Deciduous vines well known in all parts of the country for their long hanging clusters of pea-shaped flowers of delicate coloring and exquisite fragrance. Makes a delicate tracery of stems on arbors and in spring, before the leaves appear in a sudden burst of color. Grafted plants, **Chinese Wisteria** in purple or white. **Multijuga Japanese Wisteria.** Long pendant flower clusters in purple or white.



BOUGAINVILLEA CRIMSON LAKE (See page 19)

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

The flowering shrubs listed in this group will lose their leaves for a short time each year but never for long periods. They are the hardiest of shrubs, withstanding heat and cold. In fact, their extreme hardiness makes them desirable for mountain homes. Others because they are not so large can be used where definite height of growth is a consideration in the garden. Many produce showy flowers, without which the garden would lack much in interest and sparkle.

Priced from \$1.00 up, depending on size and variety.

THE DWARF FLOWERING ALMONDS

Amygdalus nana. Small shrubby tree with long slender branches laden in spring with delicate very double flowers like small roses. Available in pink or white.

ROSE OF SHARON

Althea syriacus, Shrub Althea. Very hardy shrub with dark green foliage and beautiful mallow-like flowers in good showy quantities. Summer and autumn. Available in lavender, single and double; mauve; pink, double, and all white.

BARBERRY

Berberis thunbergi atropurpurea, Red Leaf Japanese Barberry. Rich lustrous bronzy-red foliage and brilliant red berries. Dense bushy shrub best in sun.

FLOWERING DOGWOOD

Cornus florida, White Flowering Dogwood. Small tree, most effective in shaded locations for the attractive white flowers. Petals, like the Poinsettia, are bracts encircling the tiny flowers in the center. Early spring.

Cornus florida rubra, Red Flowering Dogwood. The most spectacular with light red or pink flowers. Peat or leaf mould in the soil to insure an acid reaction. Partial shade. Grafted. \$3.50 up.

FLOWERING QUINCE

The old fashioned flowering quinces with their bright red flowers in early spring were showy in their day but never equal to the newer varieties available at our nursery. They are much more showy, stay in bloom longer and make fine cut flowers. Very hardy shrubs.

Cydonia japonica, pink, scarlet and white.

HYDRANGEAS, for the Shade

Excellent shrubs for shady places where the soil can be slightly acid. Some varieties will produce blue flowers if the soil is treated to a light application of alum or iron sulphate.

French Hybrids. We offer many new French Hybrids in various colors: blue, carmine, red and pink. All large flowered, choice varieties.

Hydrangea hortensis. Dense 6-foot shrub with bold dark green leaves and masses of pink or blue flowers in ball-shaped clusters. The color depends on the soil and type of fertilizer used. Popular shrub for shaded places.



FLOWERING QUINCE, SCARLET



WEIGELA

LEMON VERBENA

Lippia citriodora. Not much of a show but has been popular a long time because of the lemon fragrance of the foliage and flowers. Flower sprays have a delicate structure and perfume.

CREPE MYRTLES

Lagerstroemia indica. Large shrubs or small trees, with showy masses of lovely crepe-like flowers in summer. They withstand heat very well, which accounts for their wide-spread popularity in the drier areas. Sun.

Rosea. Pink.

Rubra. Red.

Lavender. Lovely lavender.

White. Pure white.

MAGNOLIAS

\$5.00 up

Magnolia soulangeana. The large lily-like flowers of Chinese Magnolias are becoming more esteemed each year. They come at the end of the winter before the leaves. Outstanding flowers, beautiful rose-red margined with white. Give plenty of water and a good soil.

Magnolia soulangeana nigra. Large dark purple flowers. Inside of cup-shaped flower lighter purple in color.

Magnolia stellata, Star Magnolia. Neat growing small tree or large shrub. Free flowering in spring. Flowers 3 to 4 inches across, composed of many narrow pinkish white petals.

MOCKORANGE

Philadelphus Virginal. Few shrubs give such a glorious display of flowers in early summer. Masses of large, double and semi-double pure white fragrant flowers cover the shrub for quite a long time. Hardy and reliable bloomer.

POMEGRANATES

Punica granatum, Double Flowered. Flowering Pomegranate. A good size shrub with light green foliage and many double bright red flowers all summer. Drought resistant after established. Does well in interior areas.

Punica granatum nana, Dwarf Flowering Pomegranate. Never reaches a large size. Excellent for low formal hedges or as a low shrub in foundation plantings. A lively little plant with red flowers, interesting red fruits, but small stature.



VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILE—SNOWBALL

All Deciduous Shrubs are hardy in California

Popular Evergreen Trees

The trees in this group are widely planted in California for street and shade trees, as lawn specimens or for the lovely flowers of some kinds. The year around foliage is excellent to conceal objectionable views from the house and garden. In this list you will find trees for any possible purposes. All are hardy in California except at higher altitudes.

Priced from \$1.00 up, depending on size and variety.
Larger sizes \$3.00 and up.

ACACIAS

Acacia baileyana. Popular small tree with feathery blue green foliage and clouds of light yellow flowers in spring. The seed pods, which follow, are light lavender purple and give a nice misty tone to the trees.

Acacia floribunda. Small round-headed tree with long narrow green leaves and fluffy little yellow flowers intermittently throughout the year.

Acacia latifolia. A large shrub or tree for hiding objectionable views outside the garden. Leaves long and narrow, polished and densely clothing the stems. Flowers golden yellow.

Acacia melanoxylon, Black Acacia. Popular street tree. Makes a close tight crown of dark green leaves. A medium to large tree.

CAMPHOR

Camphora officinalis, Camphor Tree. Widely planted street tree with round top of light green foliage, aromatic of camphor when crushed. Trees often make a delightful tracing of lower branches.

SPIRAEAS or BRIDAL WREATHS

Spiraea Anthony Waterer. Low 3-foot shrub, covered with masses of flat topped clusters of rosy-red flowers. Summer. Very hardy.

Spiraea reevesiana, Double Bridal Wreath. Hardy shrub with graceful branches, light green leaves and masses of showy white double flowers of exquisite beauty.

Spiraea vanhouttei. This well known shrub is grown in every part of the country. Hardy even in the most severe places, it graces the long arching branches with pure white flowers in such profusion as to suggest snow banks.

LILACS

Syringa persica laciniata, Cut-leaf Persian Lilac. The most reliable of all Lilacs for bloom in California. Good size clusters of real lilac flowers in spring and early summer. Blooms consistently.

French Lilacs. Grafted plants of the best varieties in the following colors: **White, lavender, purple and blue** in both single and double.

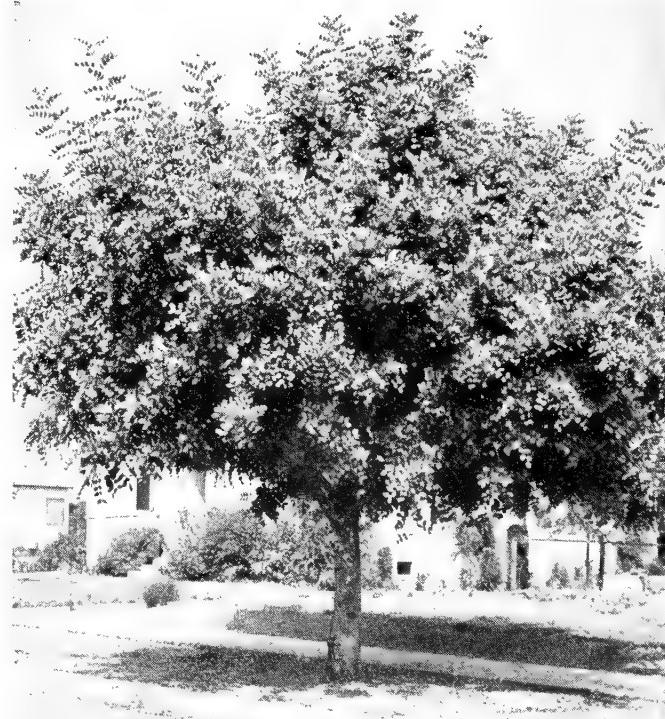
COMMON SNOWBALL

Viburnum opulus sterile. This well-known hardy shrub is easy to grow in California. Abundant white globular flowers in May and June. Sun.

WEIGELAS

Weigela Bristol Ruby (Pat. 492). Rich ruby red trumpet-shaped flowers all summer. This new Weigela is one of the best red varieties yet developed. Hardy. Sun.

Weigela rosea. Large clusters of bright pink flowers in spring and early summer.



CERATONIA SILIQUA—CAROB

CAROB

Ceratonia siliqua, Carob. Half hardy, rounded tree with neat dark green foliage. Much planted as a street tree. Free of insects and diseases. Drought resistant.

LOQUAT

Eriobotrya japonica, Loquat. Although essentially a fruit tree prized for its pear-like fruits in early summer, this round headed tree with dark green leaves is often desirable in the background planting. Long leathery leaves, woolly beneath, give a feeling of permanence to the garden.

EUCALYPTUS or GUM TREES

Eucalyptus globulus, Blue Gum. Rapid growing tree with broad blue leaves later turning deep green. Much planted for windbreaks and a source of firewood.

Compact Blue Gum. Dwarf bushy tree forming a symmetrical head without a main trunk.

Available in flats and specimen trees.

Other standard and novelty varieties available.

SILK OAK

Grevillea robusta, Silk Oak. Large tree with pyramidal, narrow crown of fern-like foliage lightened in early summer with masses of fluffy golden yellow flowers. Fine as a street tree. 15°.

JACARANDA

Jacaranda mimosaeifolia, Jacaranda. Handsome flowering tree with attractive light green fern-like foliage making a rounded crown. The entire tree bursts into a mass of violet-blue tubular flowers in June. Fine street or specimen tree. 25°.

SUGAR PLUM TREE

Lagunaria pattersoni. Small narrow tree, often a shrub, with handsome grey-green foliage and neat mallow-like flowers of rose-pink. Recommended for sea-coast planting but does well inland too! 20°.

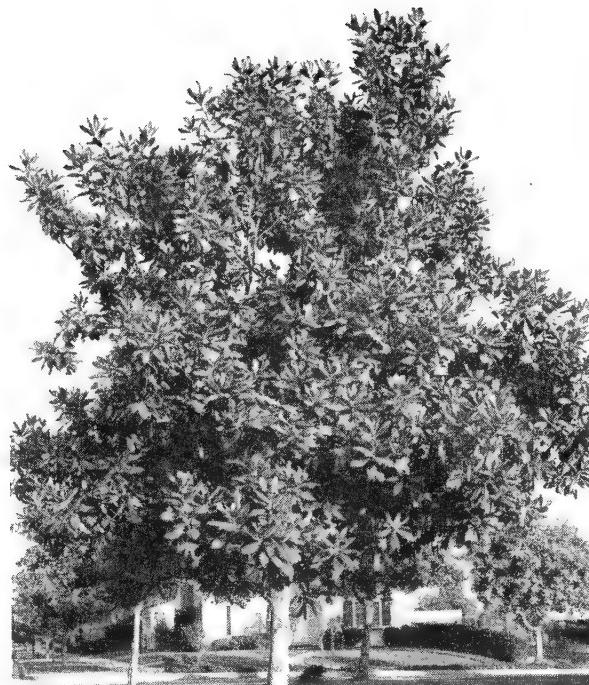
MAGNOLIA

Magnolia grandiflora, Southern Magnolia. Large growing evergreen trees always neat in its glossy foliage. The immense white fragrant water-lily-like flowers appear throughout the summer. Give generous amounts of water for better blooms.

MISSION OLIVE

Olea europaea, Manzanillo variety. The ornamental value of Olives has been recognized a long time but not practiced as much as it should. The old gnarled, picturesque grey trunks and wide spreading masses of greyish green foliage are a prize in themselves. Even if we don't grow them for the fruits an olive grove with trees 25 feet apart in even rows is attractive beyond description. Olives almost thrive on neglect once they are established. Hardy.

Evergreen Trees are Desirable Specimens for Year Around Beauty—Many types available.



MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA

STURDY OAKS

Quercus agrifolia, California Live Oak. One of the finest trees for the home grounds or street planting, the native Oak, with its picturesque habit and evergreen foliage is easy to grow if given care and careful watering.

CAROLINA CHERRY

Prunus caroliniana, Carolina Cherry. Dwarf round headed tree or large shrub with excellent bronze tipped green foliage and fuzzy white flowers followed by black cherries. Wonderful as street trees or in the background.

PEPPER TREES

Schinus molle, California Pepper Tree. Rapid growing trees with gnarled trunks and graceful weeping branchlets of feathery texture; have long been popular in Southern California. Pretty with their red berries in winter. Hardy, thriving in poor, light soil.

Schinus terebinthifolius, Brazilian Pepper. Smaller tree with pink berries. The leaves are darker green and less feathery. Hardy. Very clean habit of growth.



OLEA EUROPEA—OLIVE TREE

EVERGREEN ELM

Ulmus sempervirens. Small tree with spreading crown of slender drooping branches and bright green leaves. Rapidly becoming popular as a street and shade tree. Hardy, but not evergreen in colder sections.

Insecticides and Fertilizers are necessary items to good plant growth and appearance. See our complete selection at the nursery.

Soil builders, such as peat moss, leaf mold and cow manure, are also items that every garden needs. We handle only the best in this line.



TULIP TREE—LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA



CLEMATIS, MME. EDOUARD ANDRE

DECIDUOUS TREES For Shade and Flowers

The trees listed here are called deciduous because they naturally lose their leaves during the winter months. All are hardy anywhere, for among them are such familiar trees as Birch, Poplar, Sycamore and Elm. Their value lies chiefly in giving cool shade in summer and allowing the warm rays of the sun to pass through the branches in winter, when it is desirable. Some are popular flowering trees like Catalpa, Red Bud, Cherries, Crabapples, Peaches and Locust. All are easy to grow and some make very rapid growth.

Priced from \$1.50 up, depending on size and variety.
Slightly higher in containers.

SILVER MAPLE

Acer dasycarpum, Silver Maple. Very rapid growing large shade tree. The under side of the leaves are a silvery white, whence the name Silver Maple. Turns a rich golden yellow in fall.

Acer rubra. The leaves are long and shiny. The flowers are red and come before the leaves. Valuable as a street or park tree. Good fall color on leaf.

ALBIZZIA

Albizia julibrissin. The flowers are pink, with heads crowded on the upper end of the branches. Native in tropical climate. This variety may be grown as far north as Washington.

HAWTHORN

Craetagus, Paul's Scarlet and other varieties available at the nursery.

WHITE BIRCHES

Betula alba, European White Birch. Popular fast growing tree with beautiful white bark marked with horizontal black lines. Light green foliage shimmers with the slightest breeze. Fine near pools or in front of dark trees.

Betula alba laciniata, Cut Leaf Birch. Graceful weeping branches and delicately cut leaves make this an exquisitely beautiful tree for lawn planting. Bark same as White Birch and most effective against a dark background.

ASH

Fraxinus velutina glabra, Modesto Ash. Fast growing shade tree of graceful habit making a dense crown of dark green foliage. Thrives equally well in warm interior valleys or at the coast.

GINKGO

Ginkgo biloba, Maidenhair Tree. Very unlike any other tree grown —this unique and interesting tree, with its fan-shaped leaves, like those of Maidenhair Fern, but larger of course, make a beautiful specimen for lawn or street planting. Foliage turns bright yellow in fall.

SWEET GUM for Fall Color

Liquidambar styraciflua. Few trees will color well in California as does the Sweet Gum. Slow growing tree with maple-like leaves useful in parkway plantings or as lawn specimens. Clean, neat growth but glorious in November and December when arrayed in its autumnal tints of orange, red, gold and deeper shades.

TULIP TREE

Liriodendron tulipifera. Tall growing symmetrical tree with straight trunk and dark green leaves. Flowers are similar to Magnolia, white, cup-shaped. Desirable shade tree. Always neat and trim.

FLOWERING CRABAPPLE

Malus ioensis plena, Bechtel Crab. Small tree to 15 feet. Crowded in spring with large, fragrant, double pale pink flowers. The bright green leaves which follow are neat all year.

Malus floribunda. Tall, slender tree with graceful branches. Flowers large, single, and typical apple blossom pink.

TEXAS UMBRELLA TREE

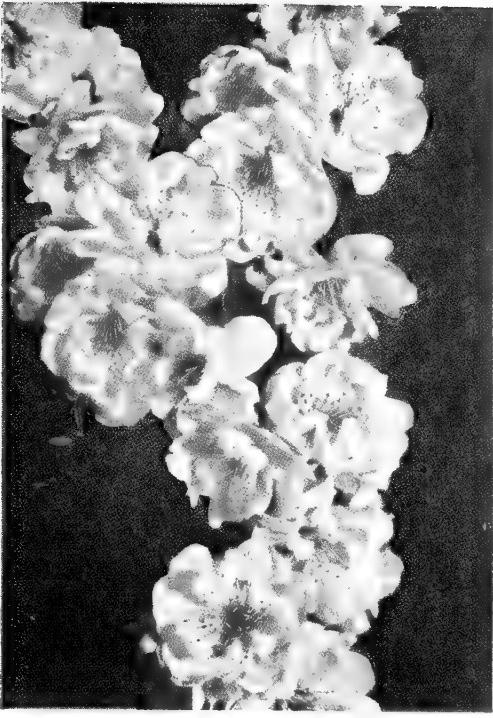
Melia azedarach umbraculiformis, Texas Umbrella. Rapidly growing to about 35 feet forms a flat-topped, umbrella-like crown of dense fern-like leaves. Panicles of lavender flowers in summer.

PISTACHIO, for Fall Color

Pistacia chinensis, Pistachio Nut. If no nuts ever formed on this medium sized round-headed tree it would be worth planting for the autumn color alone, which even here takes on glowing yellow, scarlet and crimson.

MULBERRIES

Morus strublingi, Strubling's Fruitless Mulberry. A new fast growing shade tree with large, glossy, dark green, sycamore shaped leaves. Rapidly growing in popularity as a large spreading tree. Fine in dry areas—although they will thrive anywhere. The finest fruitless variety.



FLOWERING PLUM—*Prunus Blireiana*

FLOWERING PEACH TREES

Beautiful low growing trees wonderful for spring bloom before the leaves. Large double flowers in great masses, clothe every stem. Excellent for cutting. After bloom is over prune heavily for next season's bloom. Hardy.

Any of following \$1.50 up. Slightly higher in containers.

Early Red. Magnificent ruby-red flowers.

Early Pink. Earliest; beautiful rose-pink.

Early White. Large snow-white flowered variety.

Peppermint Variegated. Striped red and white.

Helen Borchers. One of the finest double pink varieties.



FLOWERING PEACH

SYCAMORES or PLANE TREE

Platanus orientalis, European Sycamore. Handsome symmetrical shade tree widely planted on streets and avenues. Dense light green maple-like leaves and greenish white mottled bark on older trees. One of the best street trees for California.

LOMBARDY POPLAR

Populus nigra italica, Lombardy Poplar. Tall slender column excellent as a tall accent tree. Requires little room to grow. Frequently used as windbreak, or street trees.

Populus canadensis, Carolina Poplar. A large, fast-growing, robust tree providing a good shade quickly. Hardy and easy to grow.

PURPLE-LEAVED PLUMS

Priced \$1.50 up. Slightly higher in containers.

Prunus blireiana. Brilliant red foliage later turning greenish. Flowers dainty soft pink and double line the long slender stems in spring.

Prunus pissardi, Purple Leaf Plum. Small tree, deep purple leaves and small pale pink flowers in spring. Deep red branches and twigs are interesting even in winter.

Prunus thundercloud. Really lives up to its name. Masses of early white flowers followed by bronzy-purple foliage holding color throughout the summer.

FLOWERING LOCUSTS

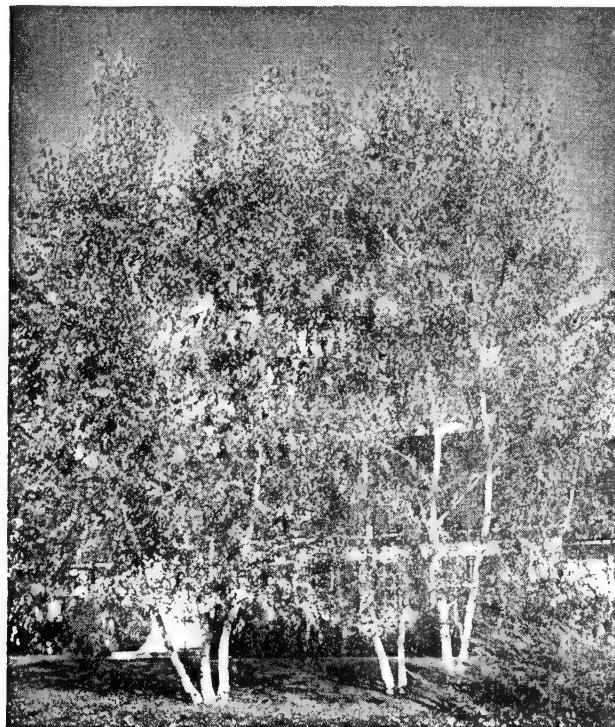
Robinia deacisneana, Pink Locust. Tall rapid growing variety of Black Locust with long racemes of fragrant pink flowers.

WEEPING WILLOW

Salix Babylonica. Grows to 30 feet with long drooping branches. The leaves are finely toothed and greyish-green beneath.

ELMS

Ulmus pumila, Chinese Elm. Very rapid growing, extremely hardy tree. Tolerant of most adverse soil and water conditions. Holds leaves until very late in fall.



WHITE BIRCH

PERENNIALS For Seasonal Touches of Color in Your Garden

Priced at Nursery.

Agapanthus umbellatus, Blue Lily of the Nile. On stout yet graceful stalks this plant bears large umbels of lovely blue lily-like flowers in great profusion in summer. 3 feet. Leaves long and narrow, in nice clumps. Also white flowered form.

Aster frikartii, Wonder of Staffa. Bushy plants, alive with 2-inch lavender-blue asters from June to December. Rich green foliage. 2½ feet. Full sun.

Campanula isophylla. Trailing perennial for hanging baskets or rock garden. Small grey green leaves and trailing stems of saucer shaped white or blue flowers. Free flowering.

Campanula poscharskyana, Serbian Bluebell. A most charming low growing perennial, seldom over 6 inches in height, making a dense carpet of blue saucer-shaped flowers in early summer. Use it as a ground cover in lightly shaded places or as a border plant in the flower garden.

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides (Plumbago larpentae). Dwarf spreading plant with nice green foliage and bright blue flowers with red bracts in late fall. 1 foot, sun.

Clivia miniata. Long broad strap-like leaves of dark green piling one on the other in a fan-shaped growth, from which the flower stalks appear with their bright orange clusters of flowers. Dense to light shade and plenty of even moisture. Don't disturb the roots when planting. \$1.50 each up.

Convolvulus mauritanicus, Blue Morocco Creeper. Light grey-green creeper with quantities of pale lavender cups all summer. Excellent ground cover for sun. 6 inches. Not weedy.

Gerbera jamesoni hybrids, Transvaal Daisies. One of the finest garden and cutting flowers for California. Low tufts of leaves and long stemmed crisp, long-lasting daisies in a brilliant array of colors, pastel and bright. Sun.

Heliotrope. Old fashioned garden flowers. Very sweetly perfumed, blue to violet in late summer and fall. Light shade.

Hemerocallis, Day Lilies. Handsome clumps of foliage graced with brilliant lilies in yellow and orange shades. Essential to the border as are delphinium and phlox. Easy, sun or shade.

Many Flowering Annuals and Perennials available from flats in season. Our stock is complete.



REINWARDTIA, YELLOW FLAX

Lavandula Nana, English Lavender. Dwarf compact shrubby plant with greyish aromatic foliage and tall slender spikes of bluish-violet flowers. Very hardy. Sun.

Marguerite. We offer this popular bushy perennial in both white and yellow flowered types. Flowers, 2-inch daisies, are freely produced and long lasting. An indispensable plant.

Penstemon Sensation. 2 to 3 foot with large showy trumpet-shaped flowers in pink, red, white or combinations. Free blooming and good for cutting. Full sun.

Phlox paniculata, Garden Phlox. Perhaps the showiest summer perennial for the border or in masses against the shrubbery. Never fails to give masses of glorious color throughout the summer and fall. 2 to 3 feet; sun. Red, pink, lavender, and white.

Reinwardtia trigyna, Yellow Flax. Dwarf evergreen perennial with luscious green foliage and rich yellow trumpet-shaped flowers. Sun or shade.

Salvia leucantha, Mexican Sage. Low growing with narrow pointed green leaves and spikes of rosy-violet flowers. Summer and fall.

Saxifraga crassifolia. Large round leathery leaves making an excellent show all year in shaded places. Spikes of pink flowers in fall or winter, in broad rounded clusters.

Shasta Daisy Esther Reed. Flowers peony-flowered with pompon center surrounded by longer ray flowers. Very lovely for cutting.

Shasta Daisy Marconi. Fully double flowers of immense size.

Statice perezi. Shrubby perennial with silvery leaves in a tuft at the base and large showy masses of purple-blue flowers. Sun.

GROUND COVER PLANTS

Much publicity has been given this group of plants of late. Some make lawn substitutes of variable quality depending on the method by which they are set out. In general better results are to be had by carefully grading and preparing the ground as you would for a lawn. Then set small divisions closer than generally recommended to cover the soil as quickly as possible before the soil between has a chance to wash away. This prevents the mounding effect so often seen in these lawns.

Ajuga, Carpet Bugle. One of the finest covers for shady places where a good water supply can be assured. Leaves make a close turf not over 2 inches high. Blue flowers in spring.

Dichondra repens. Makes a very close lawn surface of tiny round green leaves. Best in sunny places where it can be given moderate watering. Becomes loose and large in shade. Needs mowing once in a while only. Easy to manage.

English Ivy. Dark green glossy leaves, makes a cover about one foot deep. Needs no mowing. Excellent on banks or level areas. Mat is too deep to walk over comfortably. Also the variegated form. Makes an unusual color contrast.

Gazania. Greyish tufts of foliage covered by quantities of golden or orange and reddish daisies on six-inch stems. Best in hot sun. Set plants 6 to 8 inches apart. Subject to frost.

Ivy Geranium. For partially shaded or sunny places. Shiny neatly shaped leaves and showy flowers in pink, red, white, lavender or purple. Makes a nice cover for banks. Trailing. Subject to frost.

Helxine, Baby's Tears. Hardy, close creeper, making an excellent quick cover in deep shade with plenty of moisture. Tiny round St. Patrick's Day green leaves. Subject to frost.

Mesembryanthemum, Ice Plant. Rapid growing waxy succulent plants making excellent covers in dry sunny places. Colorful flowers in abundance, often cover the plants and make showy effects. Available in different colors, rose-pink, red, orange and yellow.

Ornamental Strawberry, Fragaria chiloensis. Handsome glossy foliage, covered in spring with countless white flowers. Hardy and attractive, sun or partial shade.

Trailing Lantana. Creeping plant making a mat about one foot deep with showy lavender-purple flowers over a long season. Very tough and hardy. Should it freeze back it quickly recovers.

Prostrate types of Junipers, Cotoneasters, Hypericum and Pyracantha and certain vines as honeysuckle also make excellent ground covers. See these items listed in other parts of our catalog.

Lawn Seed

We offer the finest quality Lawn Seed. Our salesmen are fully qualified to suggest the type and mixture for your particular problem. See us when you plant a new lawn or wish to renovate an old one. Lawn rollers loaned free.



ORANGE, VALENCIA



LEMON, EUREKA



LIME, RANGPUR



KUMQUAT, NAGAMI

CITRUS FRUITS

Prices Subject to Market Conditions

ORANGES

Washington Navel. The famous winter ripening orange. Large fruits easily peeled and broken into segments. Thrives best a few miles from the coast. Can be grown any place in California where citrus is grown. December to May.

Valencia Orange. Best summer orange, ripens from April to December after the Navel season is over. Thus ripe oranges can be had through the summer and fall. Juicy, sweet and few seeded.

Robertson Navel. Plant Patent No. 126. Produces an enormous crop of delicious navel oranges. It is a fine winter orange for home planting. Bears younger and earlier than Washington Navel.

LEMONS

Eureka. The leading lemon for commercial and home planting. Fruit uniformly medium size, juicy, and few seeded. Most of the fruit is ripened during the summer but bears throughout the year.

Meyer Lemon. Semi-dwarf. Fruit large, oval and deeply orange yellow in color. Hardy throughout most of California. Laden with fruit most of the year. See page 13 for bush variety.

LIMES

Bearss Seedless. Finest and largest of all limes. Seedless, juicy fruits ripen mostly during the summer, when limes are in demand. Large, vigorous and almost thornless.

Rangpur Lime. Fruits look very much like Tangerines, both skin and pulp being reddish-orange. Acid fruit. November to March.

LIMEQUAT

Eustis. The parents of this citrus fruit are Mexican Lime and Kumquat. One of the finest of small citrus. Fruits are like small thin skinned yellow limes, very juicy and almost seedless. Excellent for beverages.

KUMQUAT

Nagami. Semi-dwarf tree giving abundant crops of small egg-shaped golden orange fruits most of the year. Hardy and very ornamental.

TANGELO

Sampson. Golden yellow fruits with delicious orange-red juice combining the flavor of tangerine with grapefruit. February to May.

GRAPEFRUIT

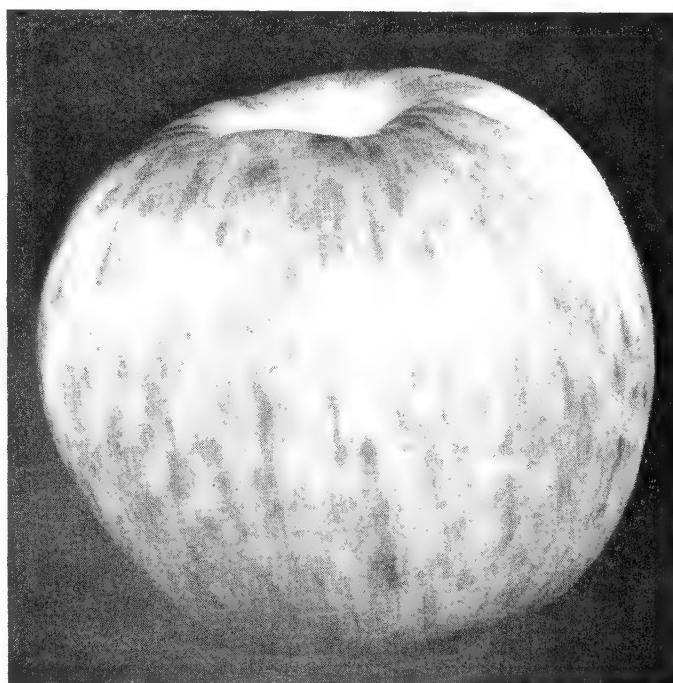
Marsh Seedless. Compact growing variety widely planted in California. Fruit juicy, seedless, very good. May-August.

Pink Grapefruit. Identical to Marsh Seedless except flesh is pink or red.

Dancy. Medium to large flattened fruits. Very juicy and of fine flavor. February to May.

Satsuma. One of the hardest oranges. Fruits ripen very early, usually before Christmas (October). Large, flat, loose-skinned, deep orange in color.

Young citrus trees need protection of bark from hot sun until they are shaded by their own foliage. For best fruit regular fertilizing and careful watering are essential.



APPLE, GRAVENSTEIN

DECIDUOUS FRUIT TREES

In these times, with high prices of fruits and vegetables, as well as other commodities, many are turning to home gardening as a means of cutting the cost of living. And rightly so, for the quality of home grown fruit is much superior to that from the market. These few back yard trees add such a glorious touch to the spring garden with their handsome blossoms and later with their colorful fruits.

For commercial plantings see complete listings in center of catalog.

Trees are priced bare root at \$1.00 and up.
Slightly higher in containers.



SATSUMA PLUM

ALMONDS

For best results, two different varieties should be planted in close proximity for cross pollination.

Jordanola. A recent introduction. Bears abundant crops of large, long, soft-shelled nuts.

Ne Plus Ultra. Popular kind with large soft shelled nuts. Pollenates Nonpareil.

Nonpareil. Is the leading commercial variety. Popular for its paper thin shells.

Texas Prolific. Medium sized, rather hard-shelled, but a sure bearer. Good pollinator for soft-shelled varieties.

APPLES

Apples are a satisfactory home garden fruit in this area. Ornamental as well as fruitful.

Double Red Delicious. Large tapered fruits of exceptionally deep red color. Most delicious of all eating apples. Late.

Gravenstein. Summer ripening apple of medium size. Skin yellow with red stripes. White flesh. Excellent for cooking and eating.

Jonathan. Fall ripening medium size apple with crisp, juicy flesh. Solid red when ripe. Bears when young. October.

Red Rome Beauty. Very good apple for cooking. Bright red in color. Ripens very late.

Red June. Medium size, red suffused with yellow; flesh white and tender. A good variety for interior valleys.

Rome Beauty. Large, yellow and bright red. Flesh yellowish, tender, juicy, sub-acid. Good bearer, excellent cooking apple.

Winesap. Medium; dark red; prolific bearer. Best keeping Apple. Good market variety in West.

Yellow Bellflower. Oblong ribbed fruits with yellow skin touched with green and blushed with pink. A good cooking apple.

Yellow Delicious. Similar to the popular Delicious apple but the skin a deep rich yellow. Better for our warmer climate than the red variety.

Yellow Newtown Pippin. Very large rounded apples. Late ripening. White flesh, sharp flavored, is fine for eating if fruit is picked early. One of the best cooking apples.

CRABAPPLE

Transcendent. Good size, August ripening. Yellow fruits blushed red. The best variety for California.

APRICOTS

Few fruits give as satisfactory returns to the home gardener as do the apricots. Small trees bearing enormous crops in early summer.

Blenheim. Large, attractive fruits, well formed and delicious. Trees are steady producers of high-quality drying, canning and fresh fruits.

Moorpark. Large round deeply colored fruits. Best for eating. Fine along the coast. Shy bearer. July.

Royal. Large well formed attractive fruit. The flesh is delicious and deep orange in color. Sweet. One of our best varieties and a favorite for home planting. June.

Tilton. Richly colored heart-shaped fruits. One of the latest to ripen. Best in dry hot valleys.

CHERRIES

Either Black Tartarian or English Morello must be planted with Royal Anne or Bing to insure pollination.

Bing. Large heart-shaped sweet fruits. Glossy skin. Firm flesh, almost black. Fine canning variety. June.

Black Tartarian. Sweet juicy purplish black cherry. Heavy bearing, large tree. Pollenizes other sweet cherries.

English Morello. One of the best home varieties. Small round headed tree with dark red fruits, almost black when ripe.

Royal Anne. Large light amber cherries suffused with red when ripe. Fine for canning.

FIGS

Brown Turkey. Large, long rich purplish-brown fig. Strawberry red flesh is sweet and juicy. Prune heavily.

Kadota. All-purpose white fig—drying, pickling or eating fresh. Medium pale yellow skin, sweet amber flesh.

Mission, California Black Fig. Medium size to large figs long necked deep violet-black figs with brownish-red flesh. Prune lightly. Does well in all sections.

White Adriatic. The best white all-purpose fig in many coastal areas. Fruit is medium to large, white; pulp reddish, of good quality.

NECTARINES

Gower. Large firm pale green fruits with deep red blush. Early June.

Quetta—Cling. The fruit is extra large and beautiful in appearance with its highly colored skin. The flesh is unusually firm and white. Popular shipping variety. Clingstone. Late July.

Stanwick. Pale green shaded with purple. Commercial variety. Early August.

PEACHES (Freestone)

Early Crawford. Fine, early yellow flesh peach. Excellent flavor, juicy and red at the pit. Yellow blushed red. July.

Elberta. Large yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, juicy, of high quality. Exceedingly prolific. Leading market variety, valuable for shipping, canning and drying. Mid-July.

Hales Early. A very delicious and exceptionally juicy peach. Of good size; flesh white, red at the pit. One of the best white peaches. July.

J. H. Hale. The almost fuzzless skin is overspread with deep crimson; the flesh is yellow, red at the pit, unusually firm.

Krummel. One of the latest freestone peaches and a profitable market variety. Fruit large, lemon yellow, lightly blushed with carmine; flesh yellow, red at the pit.

Kim Elberta (Burbank Elberta). Early ripening Elberta. 2 weeks earlier. Excellent for shipping or home canning. Early July.

Mayflower. The fruit is medium size, well colored and attractive. The flesh is greenish-white and partially free. Our earliest variety. Late May.

Rio Oso Gem (Pat. 841). Similar to J. H. Hale, large round fruits, brilliant dark crimson shading to orange-red. Yellow flesh of fine flavor. 2 weeks after J. H. Hale.

Strawberry Freestone. Medium to large yellow peach blushed red. Flesh white, red around the pit. Early July.

PEACHES (Clingstone)

Gomes Cling (Stuart). An unexcelled variety for the home orchard. Deep golden orange, heavily marked with red outside and clear orange within. September.

Halford Cling. A new variety that is rapidly becoming popular for canning. Bears exceptionally heavy crops of firm yellow high quality fruit. Late August.

Palora Cling. Leading midseason canning variety in all peach districts. Large fruit, clear yellow, fine-grained flesh. Excellent for home orchards as well as commercial canning. August.

White Heath Cling. Light cream colored fruits with pink cheeks. Juicy, tender and of rich flavor. September.

Ask us about other varieties, if you do not find the kind you want listed. Late Sept.

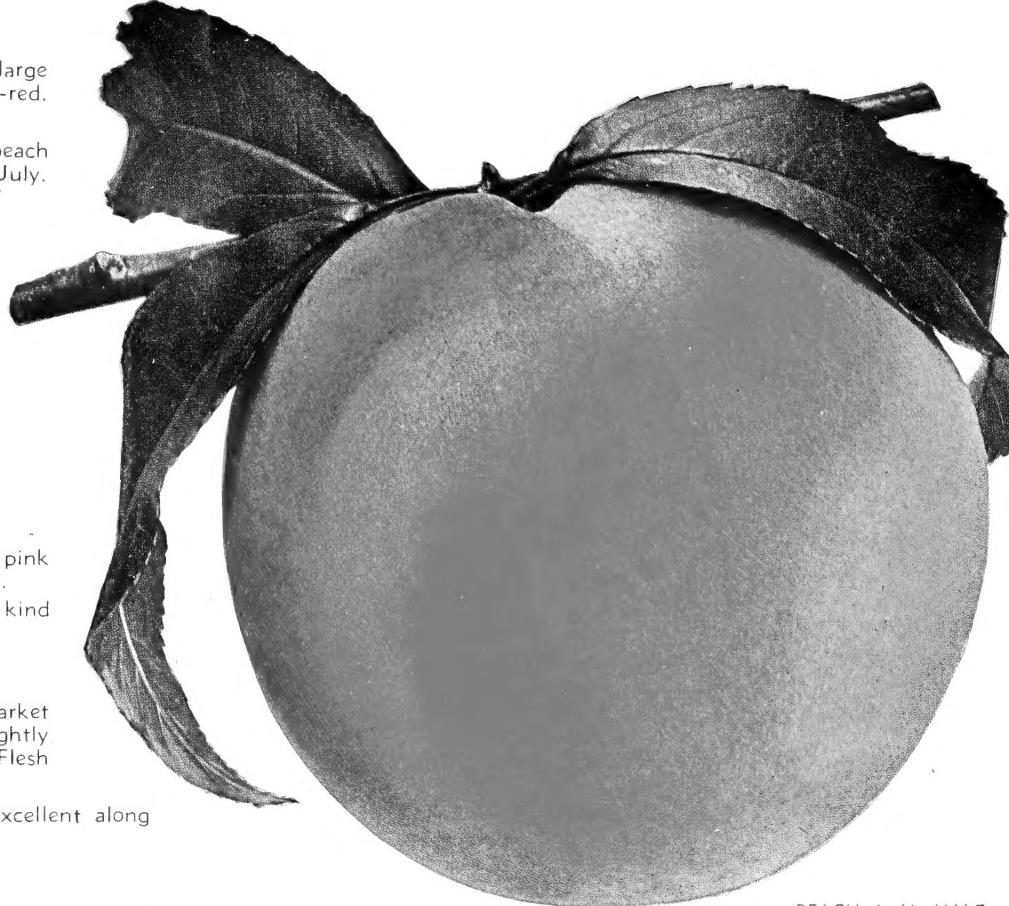
PEARS

Bartlett. The outstanding canning, drying, and market pear. Fruit large and regular in shape, tapering slightly toward apex. Skin bright yellow with rose blush. Flesh fine grained, buttery and juicy. August.

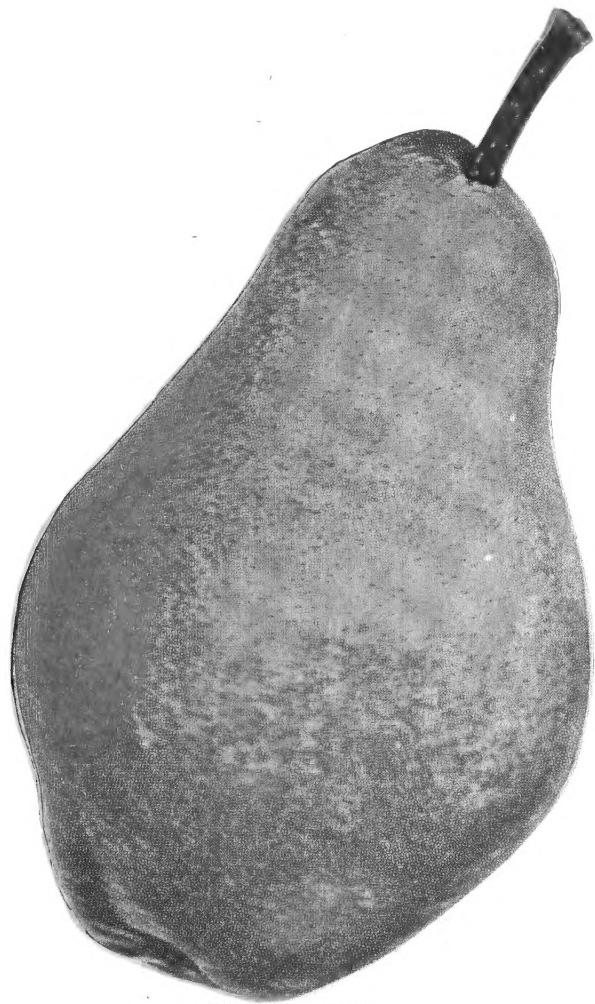
Winter Nellis. Small delightfully flavored fruits. Excellent along the coast. Oct.-Nov. Good bearer and pollenizer.

PERSIMMON \$2.00 up.

Hachiya. The best and most popular variety. Large cone-shaped bright orange-red fruit with sweet, rich, soft flesh. Puckery only when not completely ripe.



PEACH J. H. HALE



BARTLETT PEAR

PLUMS

Plums are satisfactory small trees for the home grounds. They bear consistent, good crops, make excellent preserves and some kinds are delicious to eat fresh. A few varieties are listed below.

Damson. Small tart purple fruits; amber flesh. Finest variety for jams.

Duarte. Fruit heartshaped and blood-red. Very small pit. Excellent for shipping and home use.

Green Gage. Greenish yellow rounded fruits with rich, sweet, firm flesh.

Santa Rosa. Popular variety with oval fruits, maroon skin and amber flesh veined with crimson. Delicious. Late June.

Satsuma. Deep blood red fruits in quantity. August. Should have pollenizer.

Wickson. Yellow heart-shaped fruits with red cheeks. Very fine quality. Pollenizer. Late August.

Other varieties available.

POMEGRANATE

Wonderful. Attractive large shrub with red flowers and attractive odd shaped fruits. Easy to grow, doing very well in dry hot places.

PRUNES

French Improved. Large deep purple fruits. The standard drying variety. September.

Sugar Prune. The earliest prune for shipping or canning use. Fruit medium to large, oval, dark purple. Flesh sweet and of good quality. Excellent pollenizer. Vigorous grower.

WALNUTS

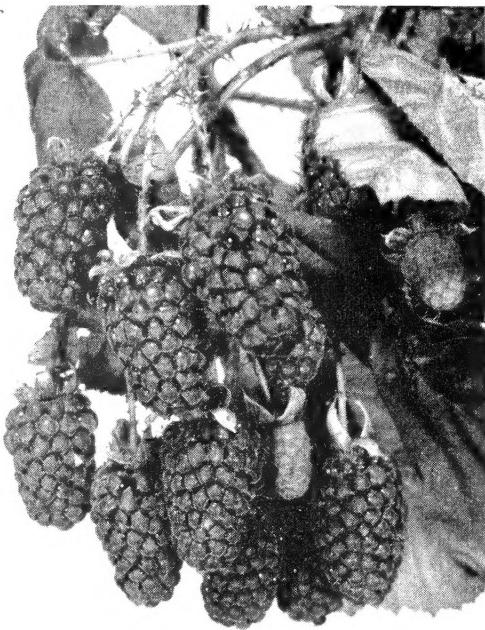
\$1.50 up.

Franquette. The finest walnut for Northern California. Produces high quality nuts and makes a beautiful shade tree.

Eureka. Large elongated nuts. Very hardy.

Black Walnut. Seedling trees of an improved strain available. Nut medium size. Adapts itself easily to different climates. \$1.00 up.

For commercial plantings see complete listings in center of catalog.



LOGANBERRY



BOYSENBERRY



GRAPE, TOKAY

BERRIES AND GRAPES

RASPBERRIES

25c each, \$2.00 per 10.

Cuthbert. Red raspberry. Large tender deep red fruits of fine flavor.

Indian Summer. This is by far the best ever-bearing raspberry yet introduced. Of very excellent quality and continuous bearing. A vigorous and hardy plant. The large fruits are delicious with just the right sweet-tangy taste.

BLACKCAP RASPBERRIES

Cumberland Blackcap. Fine large berries, purple in color. Excellent for table and preserving.

LOGANBERRY

25c each, \$2.00 per 10.

Vigorous vines producing quantities of dark red delicious fruits. Excellent for jams and jellies.

Loganberry (Thornless) (Pat. 82). Vigorous vines with heavy crops of dark red delicious berries. One of the best for home garden. 35c each.

ARTICHOKE

French Green Globe. Standard variety. Large flower buds are cut and cooked. Foliage ornamental. 35c each.

ASPARAGUS

Paradise. Heavier crops of tastier asparagus are obtained from this new variety. Rust-resistant. 25 for \$1.25.

Martha Washington. Early variety. Fine tender tips. Rust-resistant. 25 for \$1.25.

HORSERADISH

35c each.

GRAPES, AMERICAN

50c each.

Eastern Concord. Favorite blue grape for jelly, juice and preserves.

Niagara. Most popular white American grape. Like the Concord but white in color and very delicious.

GRAPES, EUROPEAN

25c each. Ask for quantity prices.

Black Monukka. Black, seedless. August.

Cardinal. NEW. The most desirable introduction in recent years this grape, a cross between Flame Tokay and Ribier, is revolutionizing the grape industry. Large dark red, almost black, grapes with attractive bloom are richly colored and have a slight muscat flavor. Ripens 3 weeks before Thompson Seedless. \$1.25 each.

Flame Tokay. Rich red. September.

Ribier. Blue-black. Large, sweet. August.

Malaga. Sweet, white. August.

Muscat. Very sweet raisin grape. White. September.

Rish Baba or Lady Finger. Berries large, long, oval, white. Vigorous vine. Firm flesh, juicy.

Thompson Seedless. Small sweet white. August. Most popular variety. Excellent arbor grape.

For commercial plantings see complete listing in center of catalog.

RHUBARB

Cherry. Large bright red stalks of fine flavor. 35c each.

Strawberry. Stalks light pink. Vigorous and hardy. 35c each.

STRAWBERRIES

60c per 10, \$2.00 per 50, \$3.50 per 100.

Banner. Best berry for cooler areas. Fruits of excellent quality and delicious flavor.

Gem Everbearing. Beautiful sweet berries. Bears good crops in fall after spring varieties have finished. 75c per 10; \$1.50 for 25.

Streamliner. Everbearing. Radiant red berries, richly colored and full of flavor. Firm flesh. Excellent for canning and quick freezing. New introduction rapidly gaining popularity. \$1.00 per 10, \$2.00 per 25, \$3.50 per 50, \$6.50 per 100.

Rockhill. A very productive plant of sweet, rich red berries. Bears young and over a long season. Propagated by crown division. Does not produce runners. \$3.50 for 25, \$6.50 for 50, \$12.00 for 100.

For commercial plantings ask for quotations and varieties not listed.



STRAWBERRY STREAMLINER

BLACKBERRIES

35c each, \$3.00 per 10

Cory Thornless. Because of the thornless habit this berry can be grown in the back yard where space is limited. Fruit jet black, sweet, tasty and small seeded.

BOYSENBERRY

The large berries are often 1½ inches long, have excellent keeping and shipping qualities. Fine for home use in pies, jellies and preserves, or fresh with cream. 25c each, \$2.00 per 10.

Boysenberry (Thornless). Like the older Boysenberry in quality and production of large luscious berries but without thorns. Each 35c, 10 for \$3.00.

YOUNGBERRY

Rapid growing vines bearing heavy crops of deep purple berries. Almost seedless. Fine flavor. 25c each, \$2.00 for 10.

Thornless Youngberry. A new berry similar in appearance to the Boysenberry, darker in color, but sweeter and thornless. Vigorous and productive. 35c each, 10 for \$3.00.

NECTARBERRY

Nectarberry. If you are interested in a tasty berry that is different we suggest you try this one. Similar in size to the Boysen it possesses the tang of the youngberry but less acid and when ripe the dark wine colored, almost black, berries can't be beat when served with cream. Almost seedless. They make delicious jams and jellies. Price 35c each; 10 for \$3.00.



RASPBERRY

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STANWICK NECTARINE



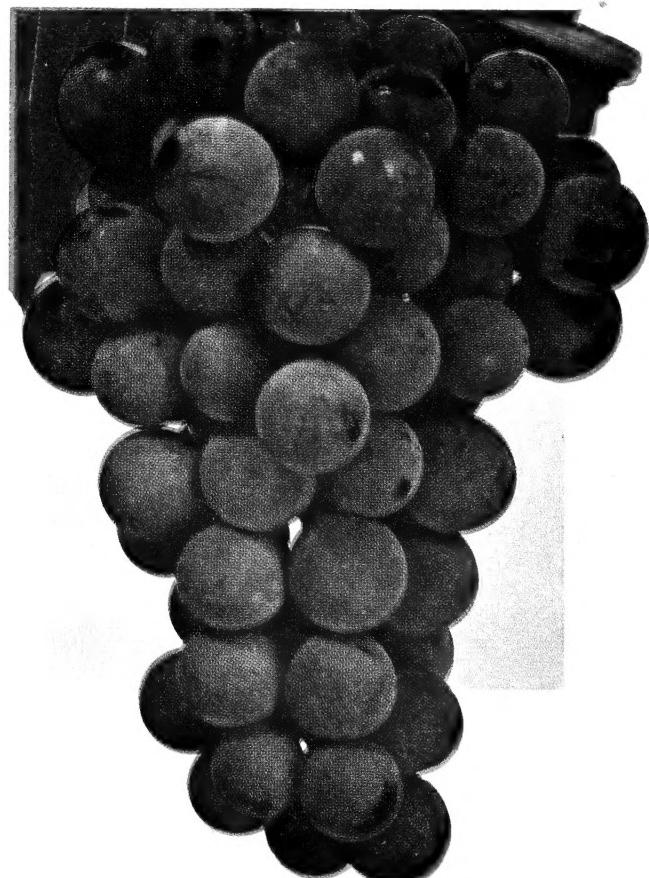
BROWN TURKEY FIG

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Plant trees for shade, flowers and fruits. Small bush fruits for hedges or screens and grapes for shade in arbors. See our selection of finest varieties for this locality. Order your plants now for winter and spring planting.



VALENCIA ORANGE



CONCORD GRAPE